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NEWS IN BRIEF

Potter Cuts Prices Of Purchased Units

MELVILLE, N.Y. — Potter Instrument Co. is encouraging users to buy its compatible peripherals by cutting prices of purchased units by up to 30% to more than 60%. The cuts were made possible by improvements in design and manufacturing, the company said, and include:

- 143-compatible printer and controller unit from \$48,375 to \$27,600.
- 3320-replacement disk drive, from \$27,000 to \$13,000/spindle.
- 2314-compatible disk drive, from \$20,000 to \$10,700 for voice-equipped units.
- 2311-equivalent disk drive, from \$15,385 to \$4,994.

UCLA Campus Net Battles Draining Federal, IBM Funds

LOS ANGELES — Colleges can't sit back and watch federal funds evaporate without reacting with cost-saving measures, according to William Kehl, director of the Campus Computing Network at UCLA.

Commenting on the upcoming terminations of a \$950,000 grant from IBM and a \$1-million, three-year grant from the National Science Foundation, Kehl said UCLA's network officials had built income and reduced expenses, and will not lose money this year or next year.

The UCLA system operates as a "cost recovery center," he continued. Joining the Arpa (Advanced Research Projects Agency) network and reducing staff by 30% in the past year, mostly by attrition, will enable the network to break even or make a small profit, he indicated.

On the Inside This Week

N.Y. State DP Court Seeks "Full Service Concept" — Page 6

Special Report: CRT Versatile As Output Device — Page 8

W. Va. Counties Share Tax Processing Facilities — Page 13

Three Mainframe Makers Developing Mass Memories — Page 29

Computations 20

Computer Industry 20

Editorial 10

Education 24

Financial 34

Societies 15

Software/Services 15

Systems/Peripherals 21

370 Circuits Heat Up User Problems

By Francis J. O'Reilly

It's more densely packed circuitry makes IBM's System 370 a hot system, and the cost of carrying off this heat is giving some companies second thoughts about leaving the System 360.

Unit for unit, the 370 generates more heat than the 360. For example, a 256K Model 50 generates 22,000 BTUs of heat during each hour of operation. Its replacement, the 560K Model 145, generates 54,600. The 1,100 line/min 1403 printer generates 4,500 BTUs of heat, the 3211 print-

er — operating at twice the speed — generates 12,000 BTUs.

When a user upgrades its CPU, the increase in heat output is even more

CW Survey

marked in the transition. One company, for example, with a 256K 360/40 with a 384K 370/145, found the heat generated by the processor jumped from 11,000 to 83,000 BTUs. For an entire system — designed to

replace an existing 360 with no concern given to upgrading the amount of heat in which the air-conditioning system must carry off just about double.

The company that planned to go to a 370/145 had designed its center to hold dual 32K 360/50 systems. The center had 100,000 BTUs of air-conditioning for these systems alone, drawing from both the central system and free-standing units. The projected 370 configuration, dual 384K 145s, is expected to generate 600,000 BTUs and

(Continued on Page 2)

Justice Gives Top Priority To IBM Suit

By E. Drake Lundell Jr.

Of the CW Staff

WASHINGTON, D.C. — After almost three-and-a-half years, the Justice Department has given "top priority" to its antitrust suit against IBM.

And it appears likely that the case will end up in court instead of in a consent decree as was the case with the two previous government antitrust actions against IBM.

"We regard this case as the most important now pending. It's moving and on the track," according to Bruce B. Wilson, deputy assistant attorney general and the only two men in Justice's antitrust division.

The suit against IBM was brought by the Johnson Administration in January 1969, the last major antitrust move it made before leaving office and before the Nixon inauguration.

IBM Documentation

One of the major causes for delay in the case is the tremendous amount of documentation IBM has given the government concerning its practices in the general-purpose computer field.

To date, IBM has given the Justice department over 25 million documents, according to a "conservative" estimate by the department. All of this documentation has to be read, classified and filed, Justice sources added.

Many firms use excessive documentation to delay action in antitrust matters and to drive up the cost of prosecuting antitrust cases, Justice sources said.

The expense and delay often cause the government to accept a consent decree instead of following through with its case, he added.

Several Washington sources, however, believe that the IBM case may be taken to court instead of being settled by a consent action.

"After all of the fuss over the International Telephone and Telegraph antitrust settlement, it is likely that the Justice Department will press its antitrust actions

(Continued on Page 2)



Terminal Trading

Broker Joseph A. Lanell and booth clerk Joseph Henry check round-lot limit order on CRT terminal in the Amex Computerized Order Display and Execution System panel at the American Stock Exchange's trading floor. System displays limit order to be executed at a specified price or better on terminal in booth. Current highest bid to buy and lowest offer to sell the stock, along with other market data, are displayed alongside the order.

Information Standards

GAO Funds Lift NAS Study

By Don Leavitt

Of the CW Staff

BEDFORD, Mass. — Money from the General Accounting Office (GAO) will allow the National Academy of Sciences (NAS) to continue its data study which may lead to new information source standards for the federal government, according to Edward J. Mahoney, deputy director of GAO's Financial and General Management Studies Division.

The cross-agency funding is a departure from GAO's normal role of acknowledging

watching of federal DP projects, but the change was justified to get the project going. Mahoney told the Computer Performance Evaluation Users Group, a government-wide organization that met at the Air Force's L.G. Hanscom Field here last week.

The study will be conducted by NAS's Computer Science and Engineering Board and will take years and "millions of dollars."

The funding is an extremely long-term contract under which the academy hopes to help GAO define how the government's DP procurement should be handled, according to Prof. Anthony Oettinger, chairman of the Computer Science and Engineering Board.

The project is almost deliberately ill-defined, to allow freedom to look at the problem from all aspects, he said, adding that both hardware and software would be considered.

GAO is also "very sympathetic" with the aims of the new "Brooks Bill," HR 13200, which, if it becomes law, will provide the National Bureau of Standards with \$100 million for research in the computer field, he said.

The bill would also give NAS \$3.5 million and part of that could "certainly" go into the study started with the GAO funds, he noted.

The legislation is still being considered by a House subcommittee, but hearings

(Continued on Page 2)

370 Heat Problems Can Raise Cooling, Floor Building Costs

(Continued from Page 1)

major rework of the cooling system seems inevitable.

Surprisingly, few people, even among those involved in the design and for equipment planning, know the 370 generates so much heat. Discussions with some of these men brought out four reasons for the ignorance:

- One third of the companies questioned was building new centers for the 370, and has never considered environmental characteristics with those of the 360.

- One fifth was installing Model 165s. These units use chilled water to carry off 129,000 BTUs of heat, and emit only 34,000 into the room. Thus, the load the 165 puts on the room's cooling system is less than that of the 135. Moreover, the installation of plumbing for the CPU seems to mask all other environmental problems.

- All of the installations had been made since last summer, so any marginal problems that might exist have not yet proved troublesome.

- One fifth of the companies was installing the computer in a room designed for 1400/7000 Series equipment, and had excess cooling capacity due to the decrease in the number of units comprising the system.

No installation can afford to ignore the environmental characteristics of System 370. But the centers which should check them most closely are those designed specifically for System 360, those with rapidly growing data processing workloads and those in older buildings. A center with these three characteristics may face a sizable bill for the reconstruction of its cooling apparatus.

And more than the cooling system may

have to be rebuilt. For example, the floor of the building may have to be reinforced since the 370 puts 180 lbs on the same square foot where the 360 puts 90 lbs; and some computer floors are designed to hold only 125 lbs/sq ft.

Reconstruction Costs

The cost of this reconstruction can be expensive. In New York, engineers estimate it costs \$2,000/ton (12,000 BTUs) to add air-conditioning to existing space, not counting the cost of building alterations.

Those who want to gauge their own air-conditioning requirements should allow 40 BTU/sq ft for people, lights and loss through the walls. The requirements for the various items of equipment are given in the IBM System 370 Installation Manual, Physical Planning.

Some installations find the cost of re-building to house the 370 is higher than a more conservative alternative. Like a one-center 360 system from a third party, it can provide the required throughput, and at a cost below that now paid IBM for monthly rental.

The drawbacks are loss of flexibility and the inevitable lack of software support as IBM withdraws support from the 360 line.

Therefore, leasing 360s may be practical only for those companies able to support their own software staff. Other companies may find it cheaper in the long run to pay the price and install the 370.

Uni-Coll DP Center to Service 7 Colleges

PHILADELPHIA — The University City Science Center has established a non-profit subsidiary to provide computing services to at least seven educational institutions. The center is also in the process of taking over the University of Pennsylvania's multimillion dollar computer center.

The new organization, known as Uni-Coll Corp., is now managing Penn's computer center, and when the changeover of ownership is completed this spring, Penn, Drexel, University of Delaware, Villanova, Community College of Philadelphia, Bryn Mawr, Swarthmore and other institutions will be utilizing the facility.

According to Robert R. Logan, execu-

tive vice-president of Uni-Coll, this is the first time a voluntary computer center has been established to serve educational institutions.

"Because Uni-Coll is independent of any one institution, it can serve all institutional users fairly and without bias. No one institution will have priority on its services," he stated.

Pooling Computing Needs

By pooling the computing needs of many institutions into a single service organization, each institution can realize the economies of using a larger-scale computer, Logan said. Uni-Coll has ordered an IBM 370/165 to replace Penn's 360/75.



(CW Photo by V.J. Ferrier)

Run Press Run

Pressmen check over the first press run at Computerworld's new printer last week in downtown Chicago. Large circulation with its more complicated delivery schedules necessitated the change to Poola Printing Co.

Justice Gives IBM Antitrust Suit Top Priority

(Continued from Page 1)

more vigorously," one said.

"That will be very wary of accepting consent decrees from firms whose officials have in the past been large contributors to various political campaigns," he added, "and IBM officials have been known to contribute to both the Democrats and Republicans."

Other sources have noted that Arthur Watson, former head of IBM World Trade and brother of Thomas Watson, former president and chairman of IBM, is an ambassador for Franklin D. Roosevelt.

"With that type of connection, Justice will be especially hard on IBM so that it does not appear to be favoring administration appointees and contributors to the Republican cause," one said.

It also appears that Justice Department lawyers have stopped contacting company industry personnel about their feelings of what should be included in a consent decree.

In the past year, the department has been secretly interviewing industry sources on the nature of a consent decree or final judgment that should be sought in the IBM case. But a Justice Department source said this type of activity has been stopped.

Antitrust personnel would not say whether or not they planned to refuse to accept a consent decree.

"Anyone is welcome to approach us with a consent decree at any time," they said, "and we feel that if it accomplishes as much as litigation would, we would accept the decree."

Wilson said that the division had committed more of its resources to prosecuting the IBM case than to any other now pending in the courts.

The division, Wilson said, has put its three most experienced antitrust trial lawyers on the case and that they are heading a staff of around 15 other lawyers.

The case, if it comes to trial, will be heard by Judge Daniel Edelson, the chief jurist of the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York. It also will be the last antitrust suit against IBM which resulted in the 1956 Consent Decree.

It is estimated that the case is around 18 months away from the earliest trial date and that the case could take an additional 18 months before being completed.

NAS Study Gets Lift

(Continued from Page 1)

are imminent, according to Mahoney.

The \$100 million to be given NBS each year under this bill may not be enough, but if the government combines the new funding with earlier research projects such as Arpa's (the Advanced Research Projects Agency), "we would be able to reinforce our world leadership in computers," he told the group.

It is too early to speculate on the results of the study or on what NAS or other agencies might do with the conclusions, he said, but the study might serve as a basis for legislation from which NBS, operating under the original Brookings Bill, would develop federal information processing standards.

Used in that way, the new study would be comparable to the telephone interconnection study the academy did last year for the Federal Communications Commission, he concluded.

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Poughkeepsie and Cambridge

IBM Feels Brunt of War Protests

By E. Deak Lundell Jr.
For the CW Staff

As antiwar activities grow in reaction to President Nixon's new bombing raids inside North Vietnam, computer companies have increasingly become the target of protests.

And the publicity they are generating could make all DP installations, even those remotely connected with the military, potential targets.

More than 100 demonstrators gathered outside of IBM facilities in Poughkeepsie, N.Y., and an IBM office in Cambridge, Mass., was vandalized last week.

And other antiwar groups plan to grill Honeywell officials at the annual meeting today of its role in the Vietnam war and specifically on its participation in the electronic battlefield master control system.

The 14 arrested at the main IBM plant in Poughkeepsie were part of a group of demonstrators who attempted to maintain a week-long vigil outside of the offices to protest IBM's "complicity" in the war.

The group was arrested for trespassing when it attempted to camp on the lawn in front of the company building.

Other members of the group — which numbered between 50 and 100 — protested peacefully along the road leading up to the plant and were allowed to maintain their vigil as long as they didn't cross onto company property.

Sponsored by the Mid-Hudson Non-Violence Center, the protest was aimed specifically at IBM's alleged involvement with the automated air war over Indochina — a subject which recently underwent congressional scrutiny [CW, April 5].

The protest, organized in support of 23 members of the local clergy who stated that the demonstration "has compelled us all to confront the involvement of IBM products, and indeed our own complicity, in war in Southeast Asia."

In reaction to the demonstrations, IBM stated that "it is wholly impractical for any American company to refuse to do business with its elected government. To do so would be to foster anarchy."

"The American people have political power in the people who have voting rights — not in corporations. Questions of war and peace, national security and diplomacy must, in the end, be resolved not by a few people who sit in corporate board rooms, but by individual citizens exercising their rights through the politi-



CW Photo by M. Upton

Boarded-up doors and windows greeted IBM sales office workers in Cambridge, Massachusetts.

The damage done to the IBM Cambridge office came after a protest against an Air Force Recruiting office earlier in the day.

The protesters, estimated at about 200, broke into Harvard Center for International Affairs, ransacking offices and setting at least one fire in the building.

The demonstrators did not gain access to the IBM building, but did inflict over \$6,000 in damage to the building by breaking windows in the ground floor. The approximately 100 demonstrators outside the office were routed after local police fired two warning shots, according to sources at the scene.

The protest, expected to take place at the Honeywell annual meeting, will primarily involve the firm's role in supplying bombs and other components to the military, but will also touch on the role of Honeywell computers in the war effort.

Clergy and Laymen Concerned charge that Honeywell designed and deployed major elements of the electronic battlefield master control system now coordinated from Thailand.

The organization, which holds four shares of Honeywell stock, filed three resolutions asking the company to take up the annual meeting and the SEC ordered two of them to be included despite objections from Honeywell.

The first would call for Honeywell to reveal all its military contracts back to 1961 and the second would call on the company to consider setting up a committee to study the feasibility of conversion to peacetime production.

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Calif. Colleges May Share DP

LOS ANGELES — The University of Southern California, Caltech and UCLA are studying the feasibility of sharing computers to achieve greater efficiency and economy.

The National Science Foundation has awarded a grant of \$144,200 to USC, Caltech and UCLA to help expedite their study of computing. These cooperative efforts were started last fall with the help of a \$25,000 grant from the Rockefeller Foundation.

Dr. Z.A. Karpilien, USC vice-president for academic planning and research, Provost Robert Christy of Caltech and Vice-Chancellor David Samson of UCLA are leading the investigation of potential benefits. The campuses might receive if computers were shared rather than duplicated.

"The nation's colleges and universities have been feeling the impact of a major financial squeeze for several years," Karpilien said. "To maintain academic excellence, we need to turn to innovative methods. The three major universities in the Los Angeles area have agreed to a joint study of the sharing of resources as one possible way of helping to alleviate the common financial crisis. It is hoped that success in a joint use of some facilities, along with other measures to improve efficiency, may help to relieve some of the financial pressures at these three campuses," he said.

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At the CW Midwest Users' Forum...



(CW Photo by E.J. Bridle)

Data 100 booth shows some of record Chicago crowds.

User Gets More From Extended Core

CHICAGO — A small computer user can obtain considerably

Operational Efficiency

more computing power with extended core, while possibly avoiding an upgrade or a costly cancellation of an inflexible third-party leasing contract, attendees were told during the operational efficiency forum.

For Bordner, DP manager at Steel Sales Corp., said users who have purchased their CPU and are seeking new applications could also benefit from core extensions.

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"Add-ons in general may be priced lower" from independent vendors than from IBM, the panelist said. This is especially true for memory extensions for machines like Bordner's 360/30.

No Software Changes

No software changes are needed for most extended core, he related. There may be minor changes for replacement memory or disk drives, but these are not required if a user desires to do what Steel Sales did: extend the memory beyond the capacity guaranteed support by IBM.

Keynote speaker Charles P. Leitch, advised attendees at the general session, "You could probably save 25% by leasing your IBM mainframe from a third party." About 80% of the attendees were IBM users, and 20% were still using their own. Part of the 25% saving is also predicated on using independent peripherals, Leitch noted.

Leonard VanCorp of Inland Steel agreed there are savings in leasing from third parties; his two 360/30s are leased on this basis.

Inland Steel has used several peripheral equipment vendors, although many terminals and

communications devices are still from IBM.

Panelist Wayne Frankhouse, vice-president of Alberto Culver Co., said his firm found the purchase of 370 Model 50 computers, with several 360s or a leased 370 CPU, Alberto Culver had two Model 40 processors which were costing the firm about \$20,000/mo, Frankhouse said. "The cost of the Model 50 would cost us about \$3,000 less than the two 40s, he said.

But a purchased 155 could be written off for a period of eight years, based on Internal Revenue Service estimates, Frankhouse said.

As an in-house computer operations staff can often be "more stable" than an on-site facilities management staff, according to panelist John Dodd, data center manager at the Wilson Sporting Goods Co.

Wilson believes that centralized control is the best method to achieve operational efficiency, Dodd said. Over the past year, six proposals from remote sites for the installation of a minicomputer have been rejected because central operations on the firm's 370/145 were found to be more cost-effective.

Cassette-Oriented Terminal an 'Evolutionary Step'

CHICAGO — The cassette-oriented intelligent terminal should be regarded by users as an "evolutionary step between the keypunch unit and direct on-line data entry," this opinion of a technical panel leader on intelligent terminals was voiced during the data entry session.

Allen director of MIS at Com-Arc Inc., said that in his view, the cassette-oriented system at each remote site is batched on cassettes for later, 1,200 bit/sec transmission to a "central terminal" which transcribes the received information onto computer tape.

At the workshop on OCR scanning, O.E. Stolberg of United Airlines described some problems in scanning more than 2.5 million flight tickets per month.

The majority of rejected OCR documents are caused by poor information, the scan field, Stolberg said. These include rubber stamp ink, handwriting, smudges and gummed stickers, Stolberg explained.

Stolberg, a consultant to Burlington Northern, the United OCR system has reduced flight ticket rejections from an initial 33% in 1965 to a

low of 3% today, Stolberg said. Stolberg agreed with users in other cities visited by the computer caravan that many people are "still afraid of O.C.R."

Keynote speaker George Bernstein, special counsel to the computer research and development, Naval Supply Systems Command, explained this reluctance

Data Entry

stance: OCR represents a "revolutionary change" within the "evolutionary environment" of data entry systems.

Following the trend towards more advanced data entry systems is the "IBM approach" to this type of equipment, which Bernstein detailed as improving existing equipment (the keypunch) rather than introducing a new technological concept.

The Midwest Forum's panel represented a slight deviation from the usual format, in that two users of different shared-processor equipment, from the panel, and collaborators on their workshop, Harry Coolidge of Burlington Northern repre-

Leased Lines or Dial-Up? Ask When Is Data Needed

CHICAGO — If a user can tolerate an error rate of 10% of his total transmissions, he can probably use dial-up lines to handle his data. James Brown, of Allstate Life Insurance based his opinion

Communications

on a study of dial-up service capabilities and recent operating experience reported at Computerworld's Midwest Computer Users' Forum and Exposition last week.

For users on the telephone network, things are improving, Brownell said, but operation at 3,600 bit/sec is still difficult in many areas.

During a test run by Allstate, the firm found that with a good line, a 155 could be connected to a size of "about 5,000 bytes" can be completed on the first try 95% of the time on dial-up lines. As block length increases, the queue drops, and a block length of about 5,000 bytes can be completed on the first attempt about 60% of the time, Brownell said.

In evaluating AT&T equipment, Brownell said users should plan to replace Bell automatic dial-up lines in three months to avoid a degradation in the quality of transmissions.

Panelist Art Lemay of Trans Union Systems told users of his experience as the first Microcom user in the Bell system subscriber. There have been no installation problems between Illinois Bell and MCI and all interfacing has been accomplished with good cooperation from the carrier, he said.

With a call out to fix a data transmission problem, Bell personnel will talk over a line and tell the user that it is in good shape, Lemay said. But often a

user needs to transmit data to a remote office in 10 minutes, then spend two hours in local administrative procedures, he stated. While response time is probably the biggest factor in selecting a dedicated circuit, the actual needs of the user for immediate response must prevail in the selection process, he said.

In planning the expanding communications network of the Blue Cross Association (BCA), independent vendors proved useful, noted panelist Ann Khan.

Using Western Union's Datacom service, which provides multiplexing in 45 cities nationwide, BCA saved 10% of its communications costs, or about \$6,000/mo, she noted.

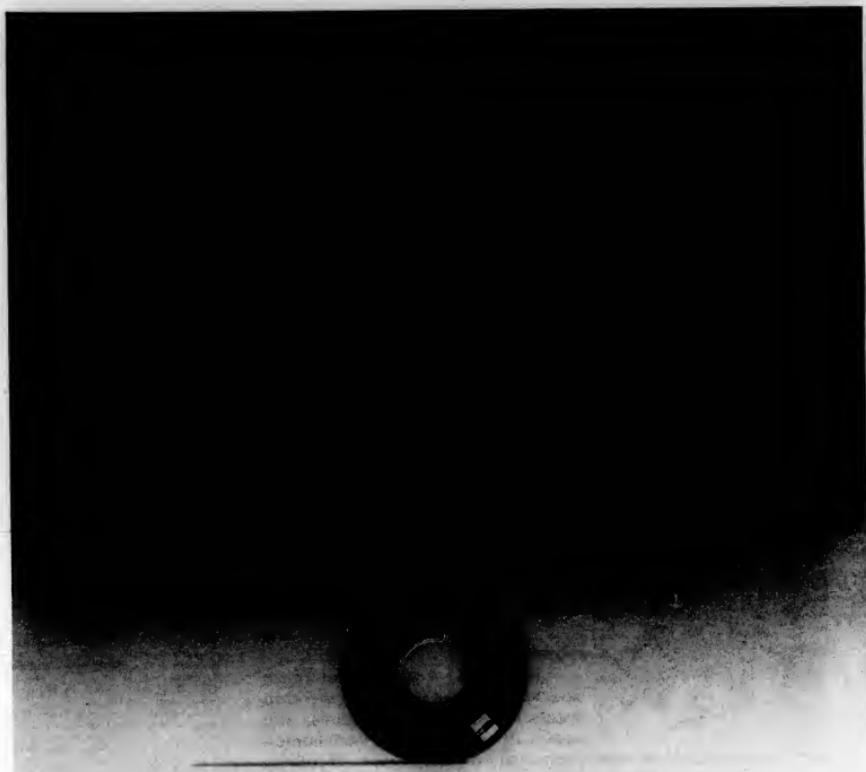
Technology or input speeds brought about by direct data entry techniques, said George Davison of International Harvester, computer users should first ask themselves what the output needs are.

Need for Quick Output

Technology advances cannot be considered "in a vacuum," he noted. The criterion for evaluating a significant cost involved in direct data entry should be the need for quick output, not input, he said.

Davison also tried to dispel a myth regarding competitive advantages of direct data entry. He said there was "nothing secret, nothing proprietary" about his extensive system; "I can't think of a major competitor that didn't spend a day with us to learn about direct data entry," he noted.

International Harvester spent 480 man-years developing the software for its system, and Davison does not see a technological advantage in direct data entry daily, he noted, but there is no "hard termination" to his system's usage.



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Wider Functions Urged for State Center

By Molly Upton
Or the cw staff

ALBANY, N.Y. — Operation of the state's central data processing facility "under a full data processing service concept, rather than under the present concept of primarily selling computer time," is the principal recommendation of a report submitted by the Office of the State Comptroller to the Office of General Services (OGS).

The central DP facility "currently provides for the sharing of computer equipment and does not include related processing functions, such as consulting and systems analysis, software usage and programming," the report notes.

The report also calls for the establishment of statewide committees and the feasibility of coordinating procurement of DP hardware and services by all state agencies.

Other Recommendations

Other recommendations submitted to improve DP operations cover operating procedures, library standardization and backup, resource billing, tight-

ened security measures, more communications with users and control of in-house procedures.

The OGS should be able to schedule work a week in advance, to assure effective utilization of equipment, the report states. To encourage user agencies to submit plans, the report suggests offering a regular scheduled processing cycle.

The tape library should be enclosed and supervised, the report states. Officials noted that although the library is still not enclosed, but within the computer room, it is protected by improved controls and access to the tape room itself.

The OGS should "develop or acquire the means to measure utilization of software packages and other special devices." Agencies should be advised of all available software packages in an attempt to increase use of the packages. The report notes almost 10 million packages are used weekly by 10 agencies for the rental of software packages. At least three agencies leased the same package.

One standard should be established for the control of all tapes, many of which are owned by the individual agencies. This would include standard labels and tape names. OGS should look into the feasibility of owning all tape and processing it centrally. This ownership could give an incentive for tighter tape control," according to the report.

OGS should review the "Service Analysis Report" to ensure proper allocation of all errors so that problem areas can be analyzed and corrected. The report cited instances of errors on the OGS weekly report and "unknown software errors were listed as agency errors and never corrected when the errors became known."

The committee recommends that resource billing, rather than time utilized by the CPU, be used as soon as practicable.

Officials indicated an equitable billing system had been installed since the preparation of the report.

Specifically, the committee recommends that senior general and technical supervisory salaries be included in computing the rate, while costs of operating the keypunch and tabulating services be excluded from the chargeable rate and billed "directly to the OGS internal operations" and then to the user.

Protection on security recommended that access to the computer room be restricted to authorized personnel, and protection against fire and power failures be strengthened.

The committee should review its internal backup procedures and improve the off-site storage, the report states. Currently, copies are kept of internally created programs and systems programs, but OGS does not maintain off-site storage for procedures documentation for systems and programs, operating procedures and emergency plans, it says.

Controls on in-house programming and systems should be initiated, according to the report. Estimated costs of system design, programming, testing and conversion costs for proposed projects should be included in the study of project feasibility.

Strengthen Communications

As part of the concept of a full service DP center, OGS should strengthen communications with the user agencies to "assure that all phases of processing are coordinated and that problems are resolved promptly."

OGS should offer systems analysis, programming analysis and adequate data control. The existing advisory council should help keep all users "abreast of current situations and changes in their operations." The user's opinion should be given serious consideration before major decisions are made affecting the operations or future of the computer center.

The establishment of application managers who would be responsible for coordinating all activities for a certain user or group of agencies would also further communications, according to the study.



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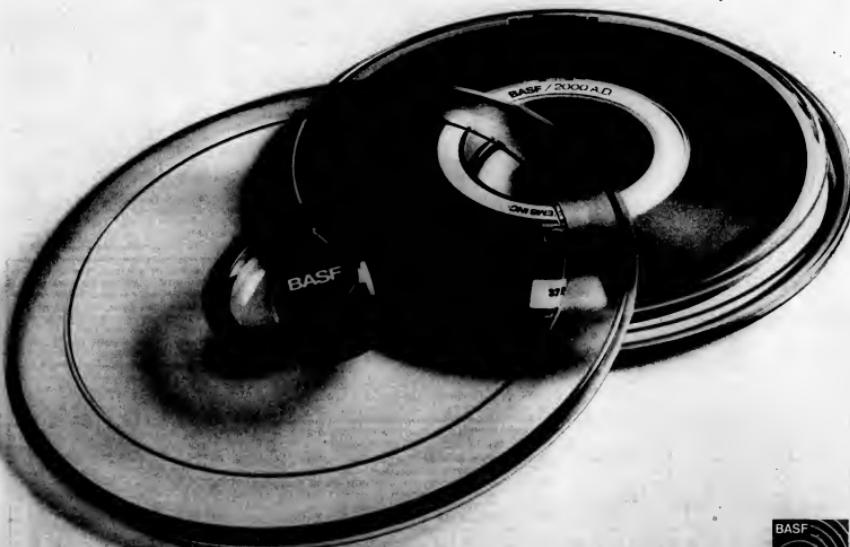
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BASF Systems, Inc., Computer Products Division, Crosby Drive, Bedford, Mass. 01730



Computer Products



Special Report

Users Neglect Versatility Of CRT as Output Device

By Ronald A. Frank
Of the CW Staff

The visual display unit is usually associated with key entry and other terminal applications. But the CRT can also serve as an output device in certain applications.

While most users rely on the printer to capture CPU output, many realize that a CRT, together with some type of hard copy unit, gives them the flexibility to scan available data and capture only those portions that are needed.

Ray Salzman of Arthur D. Little says: "Many of our on-line applications utilize CRTs as display-only units."

Relatively New Concept

"The use of a CRT as an output device is a relatively new concept. The user has to reorient himself to leaving the data in his processing system and being able to browse through the file with a display," says William Emery, manager of new product development at Hazeline Corp., Grandlawn, N.Y.

"We have seen interest in applications where the amount of information to be displayed at any one time is small," Emery notes. These applications include airline reservations and police vehicle dis-

its 2000 display, Emery states, explaining that some users want to be able "to walk away from the terminal" after they have captured the information they need. The firm expects to add an impact printer to the 2000 early this year.

The major early application of the CRT was the stock quotation service, Salzman explains. And the company that made significant contributions to this type of application was Bunker Ramo of Trumbull, Conn.

In addition to the latest prices, Bunker Ramo also provides the financial industry with trends and analyses of stock market performance.

"Our CRTs can communicate at 300 characters/second with some of the fastest impact printers that operate at 165 char/sec," according to Dick Marnell, director of management information systems marketing at Bunker Ramo. "In many applications only a small part of the hard-copy printouts is really necessary. The CRT is a good way to do this."

While the CRTs can keep up with CPU output transmitted at 2,400 bit/sec and higher rates, Marnell concedes that an operator monitoring the display cannot read at this speed. But a buffer can store the data until the operator has time to digest the data on the screen, he adds.

One important application area for the CRT involves the user who is "exploring an inventory listing," Marnell says. "The user may be interested in only a small portion of a listing that contains thousands of lines. By first going through the material on a display unit, he can select and print "locally" only the data he needs. And this type of application helps to avoid 'printing queues' where operators are waiting in line for their printing job," he says.

With the CRT is useful as an output device, Arthur D. Little's Salzman sees implications for other parts of the user's DP system. "In a communications environment, the user can 'get away' cheaper with CRTs than with a terminal cost per batch terminal. A typical CRT costs \$4,000 while a batch terminal can cost \$20,000 or more," he estimates.

But in order to implement CRT access of CPU data, the user has to have a "massive on-line storage facility" avail-

Output Techniques, Part IV

...TV Receiver to CRT Display

One company that offers users a low-cost method of adding CRT capabilities to their system is Ann Arbor Terminals in Michigan. For about \$695 and an ordinary TV set, the company can provide 256-character screen display with page/roll option to a teletypewriter user.

The Ann Arbor system uses a display driver that can transform any standard 525-line TV receiver into a CRT display device. "If you add a CRT to a conventional teletypewriter, you have the advantage of transmitting to the display at 1,200 bit/sec, and when you want to print out you transmit at 110 bit/sec," says Ed Zimmer, Ann Arbor's president.

Closed Circuit TV System

The firm can configure a CRT system for a user with the various system components that it supplies. The driver, or controller, can be interfaced with any video monitor system. One natural application is a site with a closed-circuit TV system, Zimmer says.

The type of system includes colleges with video monitors in the classroom. The addition of the Ann Arbor controller allows students to monitor CPU outputs on the same screen, Zimmer notes. The firm also provides a video monitor and a keyboard which can be interconnected to give the user who wants to configure his system in segments a complete CRT terminal capability.

"A controller costs about \$1,015. And the type of unit could be added on to any printing terminal," Zimmer believes. A 9-in. video monitor is available for \$130 but any TV set could be used, he says. A keyboard can be added for \$250.

Computer Communications Inc. in Los Angeles has a 301 display controller that can operate with a standard TV set. It can be used as part of the CC30 Communications Station to display either black and white or color, depending on the type of video monitor selected by the user.

able at the processor, Salzman says. "You will end up with a great deal more storage and additional CPU power to support remote CRTs," he adds. "And people understand that when they go to a CRT-oriented system it is going to cost them more than their batch system even though the cost of the system line cost remains the same."

One user that has relied on CRTs since 1967 is Atlantic Richfield in Philadelphia. Heating oil is delivered to more than 30,000 customers based on data stored in a 370/155 and accessed via Bunker Ramo CRTs.

"All of the information on the customer master file can be accessed on the display tubes. And it takes two displays to call up a complete file for each customer," according to Ray Barck, Barck says, a system engineer with the oil company.

"We can monitor degree days, days of delivery and the customer's credit rating and account status on the tubes," McDowell claims. When a CRT operator determines from the displayed data that an oil delivery should be made, "then there is a request for a delivery ticket at

the CRT and a nearby printer generates the necessary customer information," McDowell adds. These tickets are then handed to a radio dispatcher who transmits the information to one of about 40 oil trucks in the field.

The CRTs are about five miles apart, McDowell says, and data is sent to the displays via dedicated 1,200 bit/sec phone lines equipped with Bell 2020 modems. The system began with an IBM 1410 CPU, then moved to a 7010 and 7040/50 before the 370 was installed, he adds.

The biggest benefit of the processor-to-display system, McDowell claims, is the elimination of a 300,000 card tub file. "The system uses 100,000 cards and two printers can read all lines and is extremely reliable," McDowell says.

While the CRT device makes a valuable output peripheral, some see it as a vital cog in a larger configuration. Sanders Data Systems, Nashua, N.H., has used the display as part of its "Sanders Do" intelligent system. "The CRT is only one of the tools needed to interact with a

(Continued on Page 9)



Flight information for Ozark Airlines is output from a CPU to this Bunker Ramo CRT.

patching where new information is updated "in place on the screen," Emery adds.

Hazeline offers a terminal printer with

Plotters Can Expand Terminal's Range Using Graphics

Many users operating with a significant amount of graphics feel their output requirements can be handled by a digital plotter which will accept data directly from a CPU and generate a vector, graph or chart.

There are two main types of plotters. The roll-fed or drum plotter is designed for the user that needs production output of graphics. This device is generally used with scientific CPUs on-line. The second is the larger and slower bed plotter used to generate printouts of engineering drawings.

There are several companies specializing in interfacing this kind of plotter.

"We supply off-the-shelf interfaces for 25 to 30 computers including some foreign ones," says Calcomp's Jim Pyle. The firm can supply a roll-fed unit for about \$5,000 with an additional \$1,500 to

\$2,000 for the interface, Pyle estimates.

For the user with a need for both printing and plotting output, Varian Data Machines of Irvine, Calif., has its Status electrostatic line of printer/plotters operating in its 1,000 to 5,000 line/min range, and can be equipped with a controller and tape transport for off-line uses, according to Richard Barck, Varian's product manager for graphics products.

"The 360 user could add a Status unit for about \$15,000 with a controller and tape deck to accept 'plot tapes,'" Barck says. While business DP sites tend to run printer/plotters off-line, Barck sees mini users with these devices operating on-line in scientific environments.

Daniel Heister, manager of printer products at Gould Inc.'s Data Systems Division, Newton, Mass., explains: "The simplicity and reliability of non-impact printer/plotter is a big plus. A user has higher output speeds, very quiet operation, and above all, format flexibility which allows both graphic and alphanumeric data presentation."

"These units fit in with the trend toward graphic reporting in management information systems," he says. The firm is devoting extensive research in the non-impact printer/plotter area, a spokesman says.

One company aiming its printer/plotters at time-sharing users is Hewlett-Packard. "The user can plug our unit right into his time-share terminal so as he is getting data printed out, he is also receiving a plot," says John Deans, sales manager at HP in San Diego.

"The plotter is easy to use, requires no software drivers and really expands the capability of the user's terminal with graphs as well as alphanumeric," Deans states.



This Calcomp roll-fed plotter system can operate off-line from CPU "plot tapes."

'Relatively New Concept'

Users Overlook Hard-Copy CRT Devices for Output

(Continued from Page 8)

CPU and it should be used in conjunction with a keyboard and printer," says Tom Colligan, marketing manager. "CRTs are quiet and lend themselves to handling high-speed data a lot better than a printer."

"The CRT is the way to converse with a CPU. It is actually a control panel. The user looks at it and decides on the data he needs," says Colligan. Although he agrees that a printer is the ideal way to generate a hard copy, he adds, Colligan asks, "As long as you have a CRT why take the data at all?"

Some users favor capturing displayed information without a printer. They rely on the so-called hard-copy CRT devices which are usually a non-impact page printer of the thermal, optical or electrographic type.

One company that incorporates a hard-copy capability into its CRT unit is Photophysics Inc. in Mountain View, Calif. The display screen includes a slot that issues a "page" copy of the data on the screen. The copy is 8 in. by 11/2 in. by 5 in. and it can be produced in a few seconds after pressing a print key on the display's keyboard.

"The particular advantage of our CRT, which is compatible with the IBM 2260, is that the user can get a hard copy in five seconds for less than a cent by simply pushing a button," says Dr. Ivor Brodie, chairman of Photophysics.

"The important thing is that the hard-copy generation matches the speed of the CRT," Brodie says. The Photophysics unit is described as an electrophotographic copier with "a second CRT display which is photographed" to produce the paper image.

In addition to being plug-compatible with IBM displays, Brodie says his CRT



The Photophysics CRT can produce a hard-copy sheet from the slot in several seconds.

can be used with Univac and Model 33 Teletype systems. "The cost of our CRT is about the same as a device without the hard copy, so essentially the user gets the hard-copy capability for free," Brodie adds.

The CRT is interfaced to user systems via an "optical coupling that requires no electronics or software changes," Brodie adds. The Photophysics hard-copy CRT costs about \$3,500.

Another unit that sees a need for the hard-copy CRT device is Tektronix of Beaverton, Ore. The company supplies a device that produces a standard size 8-1/2 in. by 11-in. copy of the screen display. "Our hard-copy unit lends itself to use as a terminal type of terminal," says Jerry Ranney, marketing manager for display and hard copy.

Bob Peterson, marketing manager for computer display products at Tektronix, says: "We have CRT software packages that can graph any kind of historical file such as an order processing system. The user can graph the data to show a trend in such areas as accounting. A two-dimensional graph is much more meaningful to the manager than a numeric listing." The Tektronix software

can run on 360/40s and up under OS/MVT or MFT, Peterson says.

Although display devices can be used as monitors in many applications, each unit does not need a full terminal capability. Using this concept, users install a hardware interface unit.

"Users don't need a full character generator at each CRT location," according to Frank Richins, western sales manager for Beehive Medical Electronics Inc. in Salt Lake City. The company's system allows them to have a full video telepointer, but this unit can easily drive several receive-only video monitors," he says.

Among the applications for CRT output are insurance file access and broadcast advertising management. At the Hazelwood Insurance Group, 20,000 policies are stored on a 370/165 and accessed via CRT displays. Used primarily for insurance accounts with annual premiums of



The IBM 1130 can be interfaced with the Tektronix hard-copy device (left) to generate graphics.

\$100,000, or more, it would be virtually impossible to duplicate the system in a hard-copy format, according to James Senn, director of operations research. The system will be expanded to include claims information, he states.

At TV station KTTV in Los Angeles, salesmen of commercial time can access a

360/40 to show prospective buyers audience profiles of shows which relate to the market segments which want to buy. A potential daytime advertiser could get a CRT display of the typical viewer that might be watching a certain program, says James Foley, project manager for broadcast systems.

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Editorial**Time to Recheck Security**

The antiwar factions again are focusing some of their attention on the part that computers now play in war.

The publicity they are generating could lead to attempts to destroy computers even remotely connected with military work.

Without waiting to find out if this will occur, all installations should carefully consider whether they might be a target for such an attack. If the answer is yes or maybe, now is the time to review installation security and to beef it up as necessary.

And keep in mind that an attack may not be a physical one. There already has been an attempt to overload the Internal Revenue Service's installations by having people file dozens of phony income tax returns.

**Letters to the Editor****Manager Must Always Be Aware of Changes**

Arthur T. Hill [CW, April 5] has my sympathies — management decisions that require systems changes without adequate time for checkout are unfortunate, and often very costly and embarrassing.

I do not know the situation in Dallas, but I do know that in many similar cases, DP managers have been needlessly trapped in these situations by their own failure to be aware of changes that might

be imposed on them. For instance:

- Attorney's general rulings do not usually arise from thin air, but from requirements for rulings by legislators, governors or powerful citizens groups.
- Top management decisions are often preceded by a period of squabbling among middle management, top management or among individuals on the board.
- Changes made to better serve the market are commonly the result of pressures generated in that market.

The point is that the DP manager should keep his eye to the

keyhole and should cultivate a number of people who will catch wind of a change while it is in the talking stage. At times, I will concede, requirements for changes occur as if out of the blue, because pressure from the data processing manager to do this is not as common as I thought.

And when the DP manager hears of a possible change, he should have the resources, and the flexibility, to do most of the work that may be required (perhaps all, save the coding) knowing that 90% of the time nothing will come of it and the work will have been "wasted."

But it is no waste if one time out of 10 it saves the DP manager's neck and the goodwill of the public, the consumers or the electorate.

T.D.C. Kuch

Hardware Market Growth No Guarantee of U.S. Software

This letter is in reference to the article "Packed Products Spur Predicted" [CW, April 12].

An economic model of the software market that I am developing shows software sales are more a function of the value of computers in use than actual hardware sales. The relationship is, as the article indicates, based on a lag of a one-year period.

It is also interesting to point out that, perhaps not unexpectedly, the relationship between the value of U.S. computer hardware in use and the international market share and revenues to U.S. software companies is a negative one.

In other words, the growth of the computer international hardware market does not ensure expansion of U.S. software exports.

André Giesberg
Associate Director

The University of Wisconsin
Computer and Management
Services Division
Milwaukee, Wis.

1403 Replacement Praised, Quality 'Just as Good'

Your Special Report on independent printers [CW, April 12] was very well done. However, you did not mention the 1403 replacement.

Since November 1971 we have had a Mohawk 3166 printer attached to our 360/22. This printer has a 160-position print line and a 64-character set with a self-contained controller, eliminating the need for a 2821 for those, who like us, do not have a 2540.

The 3166 operates at 625 line/min. We are planning, in the near future, to upgrade our 3166 to a 160-position print line with a 1,250 line/min.

We have been very pleased with this printer and would also rate the print quality at least as good as the 1403.

Thomas W. Dowling, CDP
Manager, Data Processing

States Steamship Co.
San Francisco, Calif.

All Project Team Members Must Be Professional

By A.M. O'Reilly

Special to Computerworld

Don Smith, director of the Dick Brandon position that "programmers need to become more professional... need to establish a programming discipline and a programming ethic - totally separate and distinct from systems analysts" [CW, April 12].

Smith states that the technological complexities of building flexible-response systems require that systems analysts be steeped in technical details of programming, PCB generation, multi-tasking, access methods and so on.

He states that the systems analyst is the principal means of communications between functions and therefore is more important than documentation.

Why Not Success?

I agree with Smith's statement that the methodology proposed by Brandon has been with us awhile and that there are few examples of spectacular success.

The reason that success has not been forthcoming is found in the last sentence of Smith's article: "You can hire professionals and you can create an environment that will allow him to do the work he is capable of doing."

For a professional to work "professionally," it is necessary that an environment exist which recognizes the professional discipline and allows the professional. Unfortunately, few users or managers recognize the need for careful building of systems. They impute the speed of computer processing to the methodology required to make a computer process.

No company president would make a decision to build a management system and expect to have it occupied and functioning in six months, nor would he expect that the entire job could be performed by

the construction contractor.

He recognizes that the efficient functioning of a facility requires interaction between its marketing, production and transportation divisions as well as the expert services of architects, engineers and the construction trades. Before he made the decision to build the warehouse, he received thorough analytical studies based on markets, distribution patterns,

Viewpoint

company growth and financial considerations.

How often does that same company president direct the implementation of a complex order-receiving system, or a salesperson's pitch and with no understanding of the steps and sequence of developing such a system or the costs for development and operation?

Define the Skills

The challenge of the '70s is not to create a systems analyst who is some sort of superstar knowledgeable about every facet of systems technology, but rather to define the methodology and the functions and skills which must interact to succeed for the project.

The assembly of project teams consisting of analysts, programmers, systems programmers and users is an excellent methodology provided that each of the participants brings a proven, set of skills to the team. If the analysts are more systems oriented, the programmers are more application oriented, and the users are more functional, then the chances of success are low no matter how dedicated the project team.

On the other hand, if the analysts include personnel trained and experienced in analytical techniques, data base construction and control, human factors engineering, methods and procedures, telecommunications and production engineering, if project managers include personnel who understand and practice standard, modular design of programs and who understand interaction of operating systems with application programs; and if users understand that system design does not mean automating current processes, but an understanding of functions and organizations, developing and supervising new skills, and operating differently than in the past, then the dedicated project team has a chance of success.

The challenge is to find substantially management who understands that it must set objectives, must select from alternative approaches to meeting the objectives, and the alternatives are frequently tradeoffs between the degree to which objectives are achieved, costs and the time required to accomplish.

Such an environment includes management who understand that it must set objectives, and the alternatives are frequently tradeoffs between the degree to which objectives are achieved, costs and the time required to accomplish.

The need is not merely for professional programmers but for professional analysts, designers and managers. Separate career paths do not preclude transfer to different careers if ability and inclination so direct, but they do indicate that paths within each path are fine. Individuals with consolidated skill, knowledge and experience.

A.M. O'Reilly is vice-president of Brandon Applied Systems, Inc. in Arlington, Va.

Programming Course Unusual

Coleman College Good Challenger, But Not Perfect

Coleman College of San Diego, which recently challenged the other data processing schools in the country for the title of "best data processing school" (CW, March 20), is a good challenge. If you visit the campus in the middle of San Diego Old Town, you will probably be inspired by the openness.

The campus itself, with its open courtyard and the staff offices, with their open grill work so that students can easily approach the faculty contribute to this feeling. More to the point, the openness with which the school treats both its students and also the employers who hire the graduates.

For instance, many figures normally brought out are presented, derived from Coleman and are available for the asking. The dropout percentage is an example. That is the number of people who, after enrolling, do not complete the courses. Most schools do not publish this figure. Coleman was rather proud of its figure of 7.6%. It is also proud of its placement records. During 1971 (which was a bad year), of the students who asked to take the 75% were successfully placed by the school placement office. In other years the figure has been as high as 95%.

Systematic Operations

This openness, however, is not reflected in the general pride in the placement percentage — nor in the small number of people dropping out before graduation. Coleman has approached the problem from a systematic point of view.

One way of keeping the dropout figure down is to ensure that students only enroll if they are really going to work to complete the course. Coleman approaches this way.

To start with, it instituted fairly tough, sensible interviewing techniques to ensure that the students did realize it would be hard work, and that jobs were by no means guaranteed.

Finance Problems

Then Coleman attacked what is often a key problem — the student's financial situation by ensuring that the students have access both to federal and other funds, and also to suitable part-time employment. All financial transactions on the campus is done by students who are also placed in hospitals nearby. This helps prevent financial worries intruding unnecessarily on the students' concentration.

Coleman takes a similar approach — it is, as a systematic one — to keeping its placement figures up. A very pleasant interview room is available, with records of the students' progress and strengths available to the student and the employer. The

college does pay Nick Sakellarion, its placement director of the last four years, by commission. Also, when the employment market for entry-level students is saturated in the San Diego area, Coleman reduced its enrollment to match supply to need. It uses, as well as teaches, systems to help the students.

It is no wonder then that Coleman can afford to be open about its figures.

There are all the marks of a good school, but after visiting it twice I feel Coleman is probably more than that. As I have reported to the judges of the Furz Cup, Coleman is unique. Coleman has two quite exceptional approaches to DP education that deserve serious consideration by many other schools. One involves a teaching method, and the other a method of structuring programming courses.

Power of a Table

Teaching aids are a favorite hobby of the school's director, Coleman Fur. He has the school library, a computer and a videotape library in the various lectures, not merely in the DP institute, but also in the secretarial and law stenographic institutes. Of these, the secretarial and law institutes are the ones which can be used in the classrooms, or in the lounge by the students, can show methods of sorting, computer printouts and many other subjects quickly and graphically. While Coleman believes in modern technology, it also believes in the technique of the older crafts. In this case carpentry proved the answer.

Perhaps the best teaching aid I saw in Coleman was the design of the tables! There were pentagonal ones — that is, they had five sides.

Sitting in on some of the lectures I found a very effective organization for a DP classroom. Two of the sides were generally towards the instructor and three students sat at the rest of the table. There was plenty of room for students and materials.

Group discussions, when appropriate (which was fairly frequently during the exercises), seemed to be much more productive, and much more under the instructor's control as the students were carried on by the students and, in particular, table mates than than during the free-wheeling discussions I have watched in other classrooms, or else the stylized silence that replaces them when an instructor must bear down on the class.

Here, students sat at each table seemed to be able to carry on their own team work without disturbing the rest of the class, and yet derive considerable benefit from the discussions. (To say nothing of having room for their private interests.)

The other major factor that distinguished Coleman was the programming techniques used. The college teaches programming as a subject — and various programming languages as particular examples of programming languages!

The course is structured by

starting out with a truly English language set of programming. An application is programmed accurately and carefully in English — not in Cobol.

After that, the students should understand the application and the general techniques of programming.

Then the instructor introduces high-level languages starting with PL/I. The student reads the manual, but he does not memorize it, he does enough of the language to rewrite the application from the English version into the PL/I version.

Now the students do what they do best — they discover a more programming techniques, so it is not a complete transcription but a genuine learning of a different language, and improving their knowledge of programming.

Now the students study assembly language. Again they repeat the process of translating an application and putting it into the computer system, doing the operations themselves. But now they see how it works in the hardware itself.

The students then study the third programming language, which for many years will be the prime working language. Now they can see how its structure compares with other languages, and with the actual application that it is to be done, thus giving them an unusually basic base to appreciate what Cobol really is and how it operates.

The final test comes after the Cobol applications have been completed and tested. By now the students can almost consider themselves to be of professional grade — and like veterans they have to meet their major tests of becoming independent. They get an RPG manual and are told that, since they already know programming, all they have to do is take the manual, write a program, punch the cards and run the program. All without more than supervisory help from their instructors. (Or the whole they succeed, too!)

I have never heard of a program that I have seen that started with PL/I and ended with RPG, and I really do not think that I have heard of many courses that teach programming as opposed to particular programming languages. But I do know that in the last year or so, since the graduation of the students, I found they did have an unusually good grasp of what programming languages really are.

Personally, I think that as languages develop these students will find this training giving them unusually good preparation and knowledge for any programming courses that they are previously familiar with.

But Not Perfect

However, all of Coleman College is not as good as that. There were some criticisms I had to make — in fact, there were several of them. Under the contest rules these criticisms are confidential, but Coleman is making them available — together with the responses — to any other

How to Enter Furz Challenge Cup Contest

1. The competition is open to any data processing school in the U.S. Whether the school is public or private, or whether it is solely dedicated to data processing or not, is no matter.

2. The school can be represented by its administration, its current students or its alumni. These may work together or provide separate entries.

3. The Furz Challenge Cup will be awarded to the school which most proves it is the best data processing school in the country before the closing date for entries (July 1, 1972).

4. An entry should contain five separate reports showing the quality of the school's work, and the problems that are hindering its further improvement of quality. The reports should be submitted:

• "How XYZ School Excels in Looking After Its Students' Interests."

• "How XYZ School Contributes to Improving Data Processing Education."

• "How XYZ School Assists Data Processing Relations With the Community."

• "What Prevents XYZ School From Being Even Better Than It Is."

In addition, copies of curricula, lecture notes, etc. should also be provided.

5. Schools intending to enter should notify Paul E. Salicido, Fotomat Corp., 920 Kline St., La Jolla, Calif. 92037.

school or alumni association entering the challenge.

If your school or校友 association wishes to enter, or to obtain copies of the papers involved, consult the box on this page for details.

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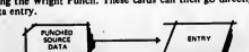
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The Format

Each Day 9:00-9:40 Keynote address by a nationally known expert — an independent, not a vendor — on the day's main subject. Sets the stage for discussions.

9:40-10:30 Panel discussion led by regional experts chosen for their progressive management principles. Questions encouraged.

10:40-11:45 Workshops — panel members conduct separate workshops. Your specific questions fielded, worked out.

12:15-1:30 Conference luncheon — keynote speaker summarizes chief points covered during panels and workshops.

1:00-7:30 Exhibits open, stay open 'til 7:30. Exhibitors will show the latest in hardware, software, services.

The Subjects

First Day: Data Entry

Keynote speaker: Lawrence Feidelman, President, Management Information Corp., Cherry Hill, N.J.; Editor, *Data Entry Today*.

Panels and workshops will be grouped by these four subjects:

- Keypunch replacement; key to tape, disc and cassette devices.
- OCR.
- Intelligent terminals — distributed processing.
- Direct data entry/source data automation.

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Second Day: Data Communications: The Choices

Keynote speaker: Dr. Dixon Doll, Data Communications Consultant, faculty member, Graduate School of Business, Eastern Michigan University.

Panels and workshops will be grouped by these four subjects:

- Communications equipment from mainframe makers and common carriers.
- Communications equipment from independent suppliers.
- Data transmission via private (lines, microwave) networks.
- Data transmission via carriers (lines, microwave).

Third Day: Operational Efficiency

Keynote speaker: Charles Lecht, President, Advanced Computer Techniques, N.Y., N.Y., author of *The Management of Computer Programming Projects*.

Panels and workshops will be grouped by these four subjects:

- Core extensions.
- System/utility software modifications.
- Independent peripheral usage.
- Dedicated systems vs. general purpose computers.

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Centralized W. Va. System

Counties Slowly Join Remote Batch Tax Processing

By Molly Upton
Of the CW Staff

CHARLESTON, W. Va. — Both the state and its counties stand to gain from West Virginia's centralized version of DP sharing, which involves processing property taxes, according to Dr. John Cooke, director of CBM, Inc., developer of the system.

Under the system, counties avoid the dangerous "overstatement" on DP equipment, obtain instant access from the remote batch system, and still perform the functions of assessment, billing and collection of property taxes.

The system allows for state involvement to assure appraisal standardization, which could be important in retaining the property tax as a means of educational support, Cooke noted.

Strong Support

The concept of a state-wide county remote batch system received strong support from Gov. Arch A. Moore Jr. and tax Commissioner Charles A. Haden II, said Michael Huffman, state coordinator for the project.

Based on an already existing centralized DP sharing system being developed by Cleveland-based CBM under a grant from the Appalachian Regional Commission which covered three-fourths of the cost, the state also financed the project.

Sixty counties have signed up for the system, called the centralized remote batch processing for property taxes, and Cooke anticipates 22 counties will be involved by July. "It took quite a bit of selling, but a lot of counties wait until others come on," said Huffman.

There is a "certain amount of reluctance on the part of counties for fear the state will assume control, but the county still has control since it keeps the data. This relieves them of clerical work," he said.

Record Conversion

With the system a county performs its own record conversion, under guidance of CBM, acquires a key-to-terminal and printer and pays for processing time on the central computer. Data is transmitted over phone lines, provided in Charleston and appears in final form on the county's printer.

In its first year of using the system, Kanawha County, home of Charleston, is over \$1 million ahead in tax collection, Huffman said.

Two Plans

The system comes in two forms: a basic plan, as would be used by counties — without addresses of taxpayers, and a more extensive plan, which Kanawha uses.

Kanawha's costs for the first year, including conversion and training, were about \$121,000. The subsequent yearly costs are estimated at about \$40,000 per year, according to Cooke. If Kanawha leased its own computer, costs would run about \$300,000 for the first year and \$100,000/yr thereafter, he estimated.

The system's major outputs are:

- Tax books for real and personal property.
- Tax statements and bills.
- Personal property information, which the county updates on its terminal.
- Constantly revised real property data sheets which contain full descriptions of the property.
- Cash journals.
- Cash position statements, showing taxes paid and unpaid by district.
- Distribution of taxes.
- Delinquent tax books.

Taxpayer Convenience

The system also provides details for the taxpayer's convenience. Each tax state-

ment has two stubs, one for each half year, and the taxpayer can see exactly what he must pay depending on the month of payment. For example, if a person paid in January, he would get a bill for the first half of the year, but if he paid for the first half year in July, he would pay more for the first half, but would get a discount for

prompt payment of the second half year.

Property data is retrievable in a variety of forms. For instance, the assessor can retrieve a list of three bedroom, two-car garage properties in an area, or use in property tax assessment. Eventually, this system will allow a year-by-year appraisal. County appraisals are now done every six or 10 years, Huffman said.

Records are not kept by Social Security number, since "in some counties this information is not available. Some counties don't have addresses of taxpayers," Huffman said. "They just come into the local office and pay."

"If this system can work in West Virginia, it should work anywhere," he added.

Each county arranges its data in a standard format and the remote processing function will be intertwined with other government functions, he noted. For example, one might not be issued a driver's license until his property taxes were paid.

In West Virginia, the state sets all appraisal rates, but the county assessor can set rates at from 50% to 100% of the state value. With the system, the state has "full information on what transpires in

each county and the ability to check on property appraisals, billings and collections," noted Cooke.

Market Conditions

By accumulating files of key property values by community, sales ratio analyses can be made on the basis of recent transfers. Current sales can then be used as a basis for adjusting appraisals to reflect the market conditions in each community, he explained.

With tighter attention to appraisals, assuring uniformity and standardization, a system of reverting anomalies back to the original appraisal is available, he said. "It will be much easier," noted Cooke.

A budget and appropriation accounting system, which will include a uniform statewide chart of accounts, is being planned, he added.

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In 1970 introduction of the Logicon Input/Output Network—better known as LI/ON—brought new flexibility and utility to IBM 1130 systems. LI/ON gives the 1130 user a viable alternative to the capital outlay required for a larger system. Now, the Logicon LI/ON has cubs—a family of high performance peripherals that increase the speed and the capacity and even further expand the capability of your 1130.

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SOFTWARE & SERVICES

Random Notes

Corporate Planning System Available on TSR Network

GREAT NECK, N.Y. — Businessmen can evaluate alternative courses of action and analyze the financial conditions on their firms on industry through the Corporate Planning System (CPS) recently made available on the Time Sharing Resources Inc. (TSR) network.

Working with ordinary English instructions, the CPS user can obtain performance profit and loss statements and balance sheets, operating ratios, discounted cash flow and other reports required for financial management and forecasting. TSR supplies In-Wats access to the computer at 777 Northern Blvd., 11022.

ADR Revises 'Roscoe' Pricing

PRINCETON, N.J. — A revised pricing structure, effective May 15, for Roscoe, a keyboard remote job entry system, has been announced by Applied Data Research, Inc.

The system will be offered a monthly basis for \$1,000 or with a permanent license for a one-time charge of \$18,000. Maintenance fees are included under the monthly plan and is optionally available after the first year of holders of permanent licenses.

Roscoe operates on IBM 360/40 and 370/145 and larger computers under OS, Msp and AS/4.

GE Nets Accept Third Code

BETHESDA, Md. — Computer terminals using "correspondence code" may now be used effectively on GE's 260-city international time-sharing network.

The new capability brings to three the number of terminals codes compatible with the GE system; Ascii, Ebcdic and Correspondence. It means users may log on from virtually any 8-channel keyboard terminal available to access the network.

Cybernetics Opens N.Y. Office

NEW YORK — The Cybernetics Corp., a time-sharing firm with headquarters in Ann Arbor, Mich., has opened a Manhattan branch office at 2 West 45th St.

In addition to general time-sharing capabilities, Cybernetics provides applications services in statistics, text processing, computer graphics, information retrieval, management information systems and business and financial systems.

The network's headquarters are in Jackson Research Park, Ann Arbor, Mich., 48105.

Systems Unit Pays Off

L.A. Cuts SE Costs, Gains Uptime

By Don Leavitt
Or the CW Staff

LOS ANGELES — The Los Angeles County Data Processing Department has reduced the cost of systems engineering contracts by more than 60% and improved its systems uptime. The department has substantially improved the uptime on its equipment, according to department director Gordon Millman.

These changes were effected by the coordination of most of the department's systems engineering resources on an internal Software Services Division responsible for all systems software used by the department, Millman said.

90% to 97% Uptime

Division chief Lance Goodwin noted that before his group had responsibility for the operating systems, the average uptime was 50% to 60%. Now the average uptime for most systems in the department's six data centers is 90% to 97%, Goodwin said.

The system in the engineering data centers has been up 97% of the time for three months in a row. The division's goal is to bring all systems to at least 95% uptime, he added.

The county has mainframes from several vendors and all but Burroughs were will-

ing to supply operating system documentation in microfiche, Goodwin said.

The division coordinates operations: one is regular maintenance and modification of the primary operating systems; another is responsible for special-purpose systems software, and the third provides consulting services to the programming and operations staffs and to users.

Extend Software

The operating services section has, in some cases, been able to extend the software provided by the vendor to do more than originally intended. In OS/360, for

example, the section found that the I/O error queue was too short for the on-line volume the system had to support.

Before the section patched the IBM-provided coding, the system would go down any time the limit of the queue was exceeded. Now, the system can take almost any load, Goodwin said.

The cost of outside systems engineering contracts has dropped from \$57,000 last year to \$39,000 in a comparable period this year, Goodwin said, but noted there have been additional costs for education of the county staff.

'Tool Kit' Builds Cobol Code, Debugs and Documents Programs

PITTSBURGH — Cobol programmers who have been considering various programming aids may save themselves time and management some money with the Tool Kit from Westinghouse Telephone Systems Corp. (WTS).

The kit includes six separate, but complementary programming aids, priced at \$1,000 each. WTS claims to be less than one-

third the cost of buying them individually.

Included are a shorthand translator and a decision table translator, a flowchart generator and a cross-reference processor, a library facility and a debugging package that references the user's source language paragraph names.

Shorthand Translator

The shorthand translator allows the user to shorten his own abbreviations for data to make it easier to use, to use shorter names, classes and identifiers. It provides fully expanded Cobol source coding.

Logic that can be stated in decision table form is expanded into full Cobol source code by the Tabitran package.

The flowchart processor provides documentation of defined programs.

The Tool Kit sells for \$4,800 and is available now from 2040 Ardmore Blvd., 15221.

'Strobe' Pictures CPU, I/O Use

CAMBRIDGE, Mass. — Strobe, available now from Programmed Corp., measures how much time is actually spent by a production program on an IBM 360/370.

It differs from other similar packages, however, in that it reports time usage in terms of the user's source procedure names, rather than specific core locations. There are three components in Strobe: the system, which was developed by Computer System Architects Inc. The Bug occupies main storage concurrently with the program under test, is activated periodically by a timer interrupt and records the status of the subject program.

Indexer Maps Program

The Indexer is an optional component which, if used, maps the source program. It retrieves the programmer-assigned procedure names by scanning the output of an assembler or compiler run.

The Reporter contacts and interrupts the data prepared for it by the Bug and Indexer, and prints a program performance profile.

The Reporter is standard for all 360/370 configurations. A separate Indexer is required for each language processor and the Bug differs with each operating system. It is available for OS/MFT, OS-MVT and DOS users, the com-

pany said.

The system reports I/O utilization as well as time spent in program execution. The 10 least active memory areas are identified along with the 10 most active, so that "cold spots" of seldom-used code can be eliminated or overlaid.

The Strobe system can be purchased or leased from Programmed at 133 Mt. Auburn St., 02138.

110K Bytes Needed for 'Adabas'

RESTON, Va. — Data base operations require at least 110K bytes of storage and no reorganization of existing files on IBM 360-370, RCA Spectra 70 "or most byte-oriented CPUs," with the Adabas software, available now in the U.S. from Software AG, North America.

Developed in Europe, the system is said to be unique in its core logic to provide a number of features unavailable in other data base management packages. Information from several files can be coupled automatically, and the system can be run in on-line or batch mode, or in multi-model concurrent mode, the company said.

Adabas also provides up to 199 check points and a restart capability in case of hardware or software failure. A multilevel

data file security blocks unauthorized access to the user files, and an encoding capability makes any normal storage dump of the system unreadable, the firm said.

In common with other data base managers, this system allows redefinition, addition or alteration of data fields without any change in the user program structure. The system supports random access, retrievals and sequential processing.

Demonstrations of Adabas, with the software data available for \$2,500, which can be applied to the \$120,000 purchase price.

Software AG North America is at 12124 Bassett Lane, 22070.

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360 Users Gain TP Network Control Similar to 3705, With PHI Package

ARLINGTON, Mass. — PHI Computer Services, Inc., has announced the 3709 software system which permits OS/360 TCA users to control a telecommunications network through a PDP-11 or Tempo-1 front-end processor.

The system is functionally equivalent to an IBM 3705 operating under the Network Control Program, but this configuration, as provided by IBM, cannot be supported by the existing 360 program product line, PHI said.

Three Modules

The package consists of three modules. A 360-resident TCA Message Control Program allows the computer to act as a router to operate on either the multiplexer or selector channel and provides high-level language interfaces to user programs written in Cobol, PL/I, and Fortran.

A Communications Processor Program assumes network control and provides polling, message switching, error recovery, support of non-IBM-

compatible terminals and software line switching. The Communications Program Generator permits the user to configure new Communications Processor Programs on the host 360 and load them directly over the channel into the communications processor.

The software will interface to user programs employing TCAm as well as IMS and Hsp. Initially, terminal support will include teletypewriters and Ascii CRTs, binary synchronous devices and Terminal Control I devices (IBM 2741, 2740, 1050, etc.).

The user incorporates the PHI-provided Message Generating Program into existing TCAm modules. Then, with the Communications Program Generator, he specifies the multiprocessing network using a macroprocessor and library provided by PHI.

The 3709 software can be used concurrently with PHI's earlier Telecommunications Programming System (TPS) which allows the communications processor to emulate an IBM 3705, 2702 and 2704.

Delivery of the 3709 software (with or without the PDP-11 or Tempo-1) ranges from 90-120 days, depending upon user requirements.

Cost of the system also varies with user needs, PHI said from 800 Massachusetts Ave., 02117.

Routine Allows RPG Runtime Interrupts

VALLEY STREAM, N.Y. — Processing in an RPG environment may be made more sensitive to conditions at execution time through the RPG interrupt routine called the Call Program Condition (CPC). The subroutine lets the user interrupt the normal RPG cycle to retrieve a one-byte field from Syslog.

A message is printed to indicate the subroutine has been entered and "primed." The routine does not, however, become a fixed part of the RPG logic.

Instead, the routine is entered only when the interrupt button on the CPU console is depressed. The user then processes and enters a single byte of information, followed by end of block.

The keyed-in byte of data is stored in a field called "inbyt," available to the program for interrogation. Since RPG provides a broad range of test operations, the user keyed-in byte are "virtually unlimited," CPC said.

Different entries could cause different indicators to be set so that new streams of instructions are utilized. The byte might be used, for example, to bring a program to an end or half of it to be interrupted before its normal completion.

The Interrupt Module, written in assembler and operational under DOS RPG costs \$49.95.

CPC is at 181 South Franklin Ave., 11581.

Realtors Get Help

VAN NUYS, Calif. — Real estate companies can control accounting information, customer communications and management reports with the Land Investment Accounting System (Landcomp), available as a software package operation or a turn-key application for Proprietary Computer Systems Inc. (PCS).

The time-shared version supports information retrieval as well as data entry and report generation on IBM Selectric-based terminals.

Report formats are customized and include daily or weekly transaction registers, delinquent notices and payment receipts. In addition to a normal range of periodic reports, Landcomp provides optional output such as microfiche of documents.

PCS is at 16625 Saticoy St., 91406.

As the 'Caravan' Rolls...

Incoterm Announces

- Feb. 22 — Add-on memory for its 'Intelligent' CRT display terminals
- Feb. 29 — Expanded character set and text editing features
- Mar. 7 — Party line controller for SPD 10/20
- Mar. 14 — Remote front end processor for communication networks
- Mar. 21 — Assembler for the SPD 10/20 programmable CRT
- Apr. 4 — Three new offices; expanded sales force
- Apr. 10 — TC-300/700 communications compatibility
- Apr. 18 — Auto Answer/Auto Dial features on SPD 10/20
- Apr. 25 — Bynch (BSC) communications compatibility

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1000 International Drive, Minneapolis, Minnesota

The single way to store 100,000,000 bytes. The 7330 Disk Drive from ITEL.

Now there's a single-spindle storage subsystem for massive data bases up to 100 million bytes: the new ITEL 7330 Disk Drive. Using standard IBM 3336 disk packs, the ITEL 7330 increases storage capacity more than 10 times over previous ITEL models to 800 million bytes for an 8-drive subsystem. It's plug-to-plug compatible with IBM System/370. And it's quick on the draw; average access time is just 27 milliseconds.

The ITEL 7330 provides the high-capacity storage needed for management information systems, teleprocessing, multi-processor and time-sharing systems. It offers a number of advantages over its IBM counterpart and other disk storage units. Each 7330 has a single spindle, so you can specify from 1 to 8 drives under one controller for maximum flexibility. The unit has a waist-high slide-back cover, for quick and easy disk change. All internal components are easily accessible. And its

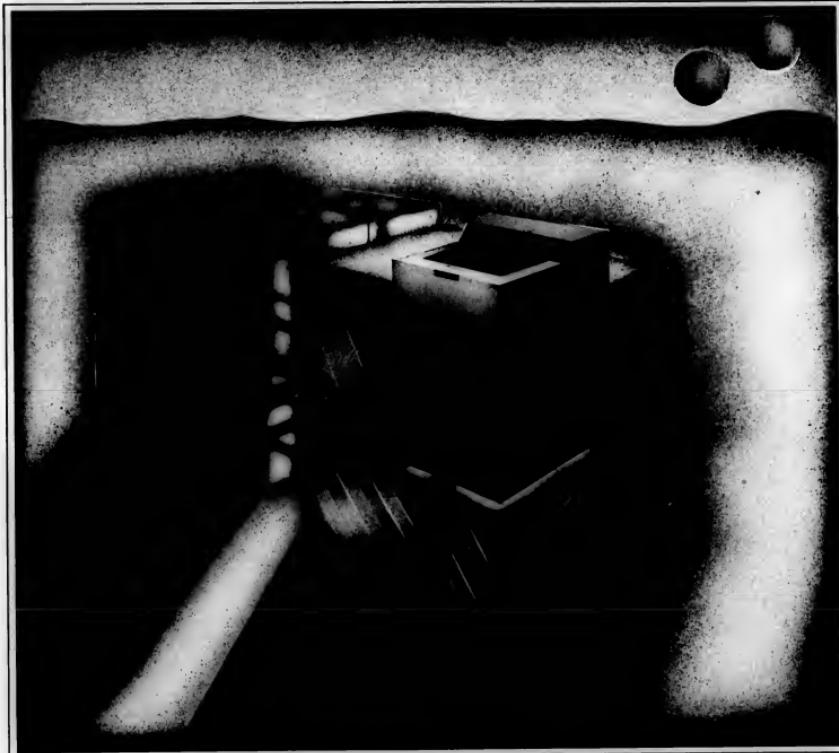
compact size means substantial savings in floor space. Reliability is insured through absolute air filtration, disk pack brackets, electro-magnetic actuators and closed-loop optical servo positioning.

The ITEL 7330 is the latest in a line of advanced disk storage drives from the Information Storage Systems Division of ITEL. More than 3000 ISS disk drives are working today, proving themselves to be the industry standard for reliability.

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Photomicrography of the XCP core memory

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Users Trust TWX -to-CPU Input

By Ronald A. Frank

Of the CW Staff

MAHWAH, N.J. — Some subscribers to the service are using their teletypewriters for direct input to a CPU. Although this type of application is not economical in all cases, at least two large users have returned to their processor from directly connected TWX terminals.

At the Chrysler Corp. in Detroit, about 300 subscribers, mostly suppliers, are in use whenever they are preparing a shipment. Called the Dynamic Inventory Analysis System (Dias), the TWX-to-CPU configuration allows Chrysler to check supplier information against an on-line inventory stored in a 360/40.

Shipment "Accepted."

Chrysler "accepts" the shipment via a return TWX message to Western Union's 801 Data Processing staff. At the end of each line an X-OFF character stops the transmission until it is checked by the CPU. After verification, the next line is sent.

Eight TWX subscribers can be handled simultaneously through the use of paper tape, according to Western Union's 801 Data Processing staff. The TWX data is transmitted in 8-bit ASCII which is translated by the 2702 (using Btam) into EBCDIC, for entry into the 360, Hays said.

At Remote Computing Corp. in Los Angeles, subscribers can access the system using TWX

terminals. About 20 terminals are now using the facilities. The user who is starting out in time-sharing can "try" the Remote Computing system via his TWX service without making a commitment to other equipment, a spokesman said.

The company does not encour-

age continuous use of TWX for interactive time-sharing because the costs would be too high. But many Remote Computing users get Western Union's 801 Data Processing which adds a data line to their teletypewriter for about \$8.50/mo. With this feature, the user can switch between TWX and dial-up Data-Phone service on the next telephone number.

Usually, messages of less than three minutes cost less on TWX, while longer transmissions are more economical on a dial-up data line, a Western Union spokesman said.

The Remote Computing sys-

tem's channels all subscriber calls

through its Front End Device (FED) communications system.

FED is implemented in an inter-

data 4 minicomputer which con-

ncts the TWX and Data Phone

systems with the firm's Bur-

rroughs B5700 CPU.

FED can accept input at speeds

up to 1.10 bits/sec. up to 1,200 bits/sec., a Remote Computing spokesman said. The front end accepts EBCDIC, ASCII and Correspondence codes and performs any required translation for the data to be entered into the B5700.

For users who want to tie TWX terminals to their CPUs, Western Union provides a 9600-baud interface unit.

The 801 "permits a computer to automatically originate data calls to any subscriber in the TWX network," according to a Western Union spokesman. The 801 provides the two-way capability necessary to exchange serial code and control signals between the TWX terminal and the computer.

Additional information about

the TWX alternative to the

TWX/CPA interface is available

from Western Union, 82 McKee Drive, 07430.

CSMA to Honor Top Professional

WILMINGTON, Del. — The Computer Systems Management Association (CSMA) has established an annual program to select the "communications professional of the year."

The selection process will emphasize accomplishments and applications rather than "pure electrical aspects," according to a CSMA spokesman. A committee responsible to screen nominees will be formed by Ralph Bergland, communications consultant. The final selection will be made by a "blue-ribbon panel" made up of "blue-ribbon panel" members, representatives from user firms, computing carriers and regulatory bodies, CSMA said. The association is at 1102 West St., 19801.

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SYSTEMS & PERIPHERALS

Bits and Pieces

Automatic Dialing/Answer Added to Incomer Device

NATICK, Mass. — Incomer Corp. has developed automatic answering and dialing features for the SPC 10/20 intelligent CRT terminal.

The SPC 10/20's asynchronous adapters are part of the SPC 10/20's asynchronous adapters which operate with asynchronous modems/calling units on the voice-band common carrier switched networks.

There is no extra charge for either the automatic-dialing or answering feature when asynchronous modems and automatic dialing units are provided separately, Incomer said.

First deliveries are scheduled for September from 6 Strathtone Road, 01760.

DEC Shows Mini-Based Systems

MAYNARD, Mass. — A computer-based system, called the SPC 10/20, is designed for use in scientific research, environmental studies, nuclear-oriented control and non-destructive testing.

DEC also introduced a series of computer systems designed to provide long-term high-speed electrocardiographic analysis. The ECG-1500 computer series, priced as low as \$85,000, puts computer-processed electrocardiography within the means of even small and medium-sized hospitals for the first time, DEC said.

Microfilm Cartridge Displayed

NEW YORK — Microfilm Products, Inc. introduced its microfilm cartridge which will operate in different microfilm readers, such as 3M, Microreaders, Dietzgen, Microscan, Edelite and Northstar. The Microcartridge holds a full length of 100 feet of 16 mm microfilm and protects film from dust and from scratching. The size is 4 in. by 4 in. by 1 in.

The firm is at 40 W. 15th St., 10011, 10011.

Unit Transfers Data to Cards

SANTA MONICA, Calif. — The Templapunch 512 from Source Information Systems is designed to accept data from magnetic tape and transfer it to a punched card. Source Information Systems, Inc. is at P.O. Box 3088, 90402.

Smaller Bits

A high-capacity, perforated tape winder has been introduced by DataLink Corp., San Diego, Calif.

The TTS division of Remote Data Terminals, Inc., Santa Monica, Calif., has developed a modification kit for the ASR-33 Teletype user's ability to print 132 char./line on standard paper.

A coated disk cartridge for use on IBM System 3 computers is being offered by Datapax Computer Systems Corp., Westwood, N.J.

A data entry system that uses an optical mark reader as a field terminal to translate pencil marks on a fenfield paper strip into computer-compatible code has been announced by the Automatica Corp., Bellevue, Wash.

Dicom Industries, Sunnyvale, Calif., is offering a hardware/software interface of its Model 344 Cassette Magnetic tape system to the DEC PDP-11 minis.

Up to 28% Savings

Telex Memories Replace 3345, 3360

By Frank Pista

Of the CW staff

TULSA, Okla. — The 370/145 user could save 24% to 28% of his additional memory cost with a Telex solid state memory used in place of the IBM 3345 add-on memory to fit the 370/145 and 165,000 bytes of memory.

A standard solid state Telex model is designed to replace all of the 3360 core memory used with the 370/145 and 165,000 bytes of memory, plus a power unit, at a savings of about 18%.

The Telex 6345 is intended as an exact replacement for the IBM 3345. The 370/145 mainframe has a capacity of 224K bytes of memory, plus add-on separate units of either 128K or 256K capacity, plus a power unit, when this limit is to be exceeded.

Upgrade CPU

The Telex units are used with the appropriate central processor; the user will have to upgrade his CPU to either HG or HI specifications in order to bring his system capacity to 384K, or 512K respectively for the 145.

The \$324/mo. cost of the power unit required with the 3345 represents another savings since the user of the Telex add-on does not need the device.

The 6345 is available in the 6345-1 model with a capacity of 128K and in the 256K-2 model, corresponding to the two 3345 models. Rental price of the Telex Model 1 is \$2,300/mo on a one-year lease, compared to \$3,204/mo for the IBM 3360 Model 1 plus the 346K power unit.

The 6345 Model 2 rents for \$4,260/mo. The equivalent IBM 3345 Model 2 costs \$5,584/mo including the power unit.

As with the 370/145, users of the 370/165,000 bytes of memory can upgrade their CPU to make use of the Telex add-on. A significant difference is that the 145 requires a minimum of 256K bytes of IBM-supplied memory while the memories in the two larger models can be replaced entirely by Telex units.

The Telex 6360 models 1, 2, 3, with capacities of 256K, 384K and 512K respectively, correspond to the 3360

models 1, 2 and 3 used with the 155. The 6360 models 4 and 5 are intended to replace the corresponding 3360 models on the 370/165, with capacities of 256K and 512K bytes respectively. All Telex units are field-upgradable.

The price of the various models depends on the memory capacity with the 128K models 1 and 4 priced at \$2,500/mo, and the 512K models 3 and 5 at \$5,000/mo.

The IBM prices for similar units are \$3,000 and \$6,000/mo. The 384K Model 2 Telex memory costs \$3,700/mo compared to \$4,500/mo for the IBM unit, a savings of almost 18% to the user. All Telex units are field-upgradable.

Cycle times of the Telex memories were not disclosed, but the company claims

they are more than fast enough to allow the respective processor to operate at their normal rates.

Since the Telex modules are 16% smaller than their IBM counterparts, according to Telex, there will be a reduction in floor space requirements.

The Telex modules offer off-line maintenance capability, in addition to error checking and correction functions which automatically correct all single-bit errors and detect all double-bit errors.

The incorporation of the off-line maintenance feature, Telex explained, permits the use of memory diagnostics without the need to access the CPU.

First deliveries will take place early in the first quarter of 1973.

Compact, Low-Cost Terminal Offers Alternative to CRT Use

DETROIT — A low-cost, discrete terminal system can replace CRT-equipped devices in many applications.

The TD 700 uses the company's Scan panel as a display medium, eliminating about 90% of the electronic circuitry found in CRT units.

The Scan panel is a gas discharge display in which inert gas is sandwiched between two pieces of glass forming the display surface. Areas of the gas are ionized in a 5 by 7 dot matrix to produce characters that measure .28-in. high by .2-in. wide. The characters are a picture of 8 bits of data/one character per dot. The display is black on a black background. The display was previously used by Burroughs in its TC 1700.

The TD 700 can be used to communicate with most computers over switched or leased telephone lines, or over a direct line. It can handle synchronous communications up to 1,000 bits/sec. and asynchronous up to 110 bits/sec. An on/off switch allows the operator to select asynchronous line speeds of 150, 300, 600 or 1,200 bits/sec. Ascii coding is used.

A 256-character MOS memory serves as a line buffer and this can be expanded to 1K characters.

Calcomp COM Unit Designed To Replace 1403 Printer on 370

ANAHEIM, Calif. — A COM unit which can replace the 1403 printer on-line or off-line with an IBM 360/370 has been developed by California Computer Products, Inc. (Calcomp).

The unit prints 10 to 15 times faster than the 1403 printer and is software transparent, the firm said. It is available in versions that can use 16mm roll film, 10mm microfilm, or both.

On-line units operate at 12,000 to 15,000 lines/min while off-line units are 10,000 lines/min according to Calcomp, depending on the blocking factor and tape density.

Camera reduction ratios are 24X, 42X or 48X for both cameras. The 16mm camera accepts film in 500-ft or 1,000-ft rolls. The 10mm camera uses 200-ft rolls of 16mm or 10mm film, according to Calcomp.

Series 2100 systems can produce microfilm in Cosat, NMA, DOD or custom formats, selectable by push-button control. Page format is 132 char./in, 66 line/page with forms overlay capability. A standard 64-character EBCDIC array, identical to the 1403 set, is used. A Katakana character set for printing Japanese is available.

Off-line units can be equipped with either 9- or 9-channel 800 bit/in. or 1,600 bit/in. tape drives as input. The 2100 includes a single lens, with a second available as an option.

By making the unit a line printer for unlimited users, including prime shift maintenance, the base sales price is \$31,600, including maintenance for one year. Delivery is 90 days from 2411 W. LaPalma Ave., 92801.

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Burroughs TD 700 terminal uses novel display.

Multiple TD 700 terminals can share a single data set and communications lines. Any one operator terminal in the linked network can be bypassed, Burroughs said.

The keyboard is available in standard alphanumeric typewriter format, key-compact and 10-key numeric format. The keyboard, display and control unit (which includes logic for the display, as well as the memory, tape, tape input and communications interface) can be separated by cables up to 6-ft. long.

The flexibility of installation together with a display panel size of 14.5 in. by 9.5 in. by 2.2 in. allows considerable latitude in component location, the company said.

The terminal is intended for such applications as inquiry and display of management information, on-line data entry, reservation inquiry in hotels and motels, order entry, departments and for on-line programming.

An optional feature of the TD 700, called Group Poll, eliminates individual polling of each terminal in a network of multiple TD 700s.

The TD 700 will be available for delivery in October 1972. Prices range from \$3,325 to \$4,490, lease prices from \$85 to \$115/mo. A receive-only model, without keyboard, will also be available at about \$2,800.

CRT Unit Produces Full Color

EL MONTE, Calif. — An IBM-compatible CRT display from Aerjet-General Data Systems can produce full color, grayscale and color-coded images from digital input.

Specvision SC-27000 features a color-free screen display using color hue, saturation and luminance for improved representation of three-dimensional subject matter, the company said.

The operator can assign and reassign colors to symbols and correct, compensate or rescale displayed values on all three axes of a perspective view.

The display uses a 525 line/frame, 30

frame/sec. raster scan display standard. The display unit is a 19-in. tricolor TV monitor.

The display can produce the following patterns: white dots on a black background, black dots on a white background, grayscale, black and white image of input data, color image of input data, or an electronically generated representation of the color values stored in the conversion section of the pseudo color units.

Prices of the Specvision displays range from \$10,000 to \$60,000. Delivery is 60 to 120 days from 9200 E. Flair Drive, 87134.



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System 3 Reader Handles Stub Cards

PHILADELPHIA - System 3 users will be able to read both 80-column and 96-column cards in both standard and stub formats and not lose the use of the Multi-Function Card Unit (MFCU) with a reader from Bridge Data Products, Inc.

Described as faster and cheaper than IBM readers, the 8803 is plug-and-play compatible with the S/3. It can be attached to either the Model 6 or Model 10 through the MFCU. The reader can be adapted by the operator to read any of the four card formats in less than 30 seconds by changing the input

a third card input source.

The additional input capability allows the user to update a master card file on one pass and to convert 80-column card files to 96-column format at least cost than with the 1442.

The 8803 reads 80-column cards at up to 500 card/min, 20% faster than the 1442, according to Bridge. It can read 96-column cards at up to 750 card/min.

The reader can be adapted by the operator to read any of the four card formats in less than 30 seconds by changing the input

hopper and output stacker. Two of the formats, the stub 50-column version of the 80-column card and the "topless" 96-column card, introduced by Bridge (CW, Feb 23), cannot be read with a normal S/3 peripheral, Bridge said.

Hopper and stacker capacity is 1,000 cards each. Cards are fed from the bottom of the hopper by a clutchless feeder mechanism with data read photoelectrically.

The 8803 weighs about 100 lbs and includes a table. The purchase price of \$16,800 includes installation and two years of maintenance. Stub card reading options are \$700 each. Lease price on a 36-month plan is \$26/mo, with maintenance. The firm is at 738 S. 42nd St., 19104.

Logicon Has Add-On Core for 1130

TORRANCE, Calif. - Logicon, Inc.'s line of peripherals for the 1130 is said to extend the life and improve the utility of the computer system.

The products include Logcore add-on core memory and the Logicon Peripheral System (LPS) consisting of a disk drive and controller, SAC extender and a line printer and interface.

The Logcore memory uses 16 data bits and two parity bits. The cycle time of the memory is 75 nsec, with a access time of 25 nsec, permitting the unit to be attached to any 1130, the company said. The memory interfaces with the computer through slip-on connectors attached to the pin side of the computer logic gates.

The prices of Logcore memories are: 8K, \$11,500; 16K, \$18,500; and 24K, \$25,500. Lease prices are \$345/mo, \$505/mo and \$660/mo respectively.

The LPS is built around the LPS disk storage system which consists of one or two 2314 type drives and controller.

The disk storage and controller costs \$23,750 and leases for \$730/mo. The second drive sells for \$15,250 and leases for \$405/mo.

The controller can also connect the Logicon Line Printer to the 1130. Rated at 600 line/min, the unit can handle a print buffer of 100 lines. A single line buffer is included. The printer costs \$19,200 and leases for \$750/mo. Initial deliveries originate from 21535 Hawthorne Blvd., 90503.

Remote Data Entry Handled by System

DAYTON, Ohio - Monarch Marking Systems, Inc. has an MDR-2100 System for source data recording and transmission that offers a combination of features for order entry and data reporting from multiple locations.

The MDR-2100 includes a remote data recording device for collecting numeric data, a transmitter which uses the recording unit to transmit the data collected via telephone circuits, and the receiver which records the data on magnetic tape.

The model 2104 portable data recorder has a solid-state memory with a capacity designed to suit the requirements of the application. It is powered by nickel cadmium batteries. Multiple units of the Model 2104 Data Recorder may be used.

Each of the transmitter models 2170, 2171 and 2172 is a different form of interface, including: phono systems, 20257 or equivalent, built-in modem card for use with phone system, Data Access Arrangement and acoustically coupled systems.

The data receiver, Model 2190, is a magnetic tape data collection unit serving multiple transmission points. Standard densities are available including 1,600 bit/in. BCD, EBCDIC or ASCII codes are standard.

Prices start at less than \$1,000 for the system.

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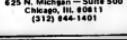
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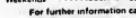
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computer industry

April 26, 1972

a Computerworld news section about the nation's fastest growing industry

Page 29

CI Notes

Japan Plans IC Link

Domestic publications, Japan's fourth largest mainframe manufacturers, Nippon Electric Co. (NEC) and Toshiba, have revealed plans to develop integrated circuits which will be used in computers manufactured by Honeywell, Information Systems (HIS).¹

Both NEC and Toshiba are entering into technical tie-ups with HIS. The two companies are working out standardization of integrated circuits so that they can be applied to a new model which they themselves are developing, and to a new series being developed by HIS.

Teletype Plans Buffer

SKOKIE, Ill.—Teletype Corp. may soon introduce a high-capacity buffer on Models 33 through 38 Teletypes. The new feature will allow the TTY's to transmit at speeds up to 1,200 words/min and will cost about \$50/mo. The 100-word buffer will have a storage capacity of 2,000 to 4,000 characters.

Varian Mini Expected
IRVINE, Calif.—Varian Data Machine's announcement of its new computer that promises to be revolutionary in concept may still be two to three months away. Bobbie, vice-president, engineering, admitted the new machine would "eliminate the gap between minicomputers and large machines."

Supershorts

Cogar Corp. said last week it was out of money and looking for backers to keep it in business. Training in the stock was suspended for 10 days after the announcement.

Dave General has appointed Codevintec Pacific Inc., a Paris-based firm with offices in 15 countries, distributor of Data General products in the Soviet Union. The firm will also provide maintenance services in the country.

NCR will market Quantor Corp.'s computer output microfilm systems outside the U.S. As part of the agreement, NCR will have the right to establish a minority equity position in Quantor.

Sumitomo Shoji Kaisha, Ltd. and Peripherals General, Inc. (PGI) have reached an agreement to form a joint venture, PGI, in the Japanese computer markets. Sumitomo will also represent PGI in South Korea, Taiwan and Hong Kong.

Study for Nasa Shows

3 Mainframers Work on Mass Memories

By E. Drake Lundell Jr.

Of the CW Staff

GREENBELT, Md.—At least three mainframe manufacturers are working on prototype trillion-bit memory systems. According to a study prepared for the National Space Administration's (Nasa) Goddard Space Flight Center here:

The study, prepared by Informatics, gives technical details of an unannounced IBM system, the Control Data 3600 and Control Data's Scroller system as well as several announced trillion-bit memory systems from independent producers.

The study was undertaken because Nasa is interested in the prospect of a system capable of handling 2 trillion bits of data as part of its Telos system. The system would have to have an error rate of better than one bit

in 10 million bits.

The unannounced IBM system described is thought to be the firm's long-rumored Commande prototype system.

According to the Informatics study, the system is organized in 9,600 cartridges with each cartridge containing 7 million characters.

Access time for a physical unit in the system is 5.4 to 7.4 seconds. The access time for the 30 msec is 30 msec track to track.

The unit uses a special head for recording and has 16 read/write heads, Informatics says.

The Control Data Scroller system uses 3,000 tape segments, each 10,000 segments. Each segment has 2,046 tracks across the 22-in., wide tape and each track within the segment can hold 240,000 bits for a total

capacity of a trillion bits in a two-tape system, according to Informatics.

Access time for a physical unit is 10 sec and for a record it is 33 msec.

The Honeywell Project Mass uses a thin metal film on a thick glass substrate and an electron beam to irreversibly alter the film.

Each module in the system has 50,000 pages and each page contains 4,500 lines each with 4,500 bits for a total of 1 trillion bit modules.

Access time to access a physical unit is 100 msec to move to a new label and 10 msec to 30 msec for serial block to block; 140 msec is said to be the worst access time. Access time for a record is 100 msec to a line.

The type of minicomputer to be used in the system has not yet been selected, although Informatics says Honeywell is using a variety of minicomputers in the laboratory version.

Honeywell and Control Data sources admitted they were working on projects described in the report, but IBM "is not involved in commercial development," they say. The sources indicated, however, that some of the specifications in the report had become outdated by more recent developments.

Informatics notes the characteristics of the systems outlined in its study were "derived from

the materials provided by the manufacturers."

'Carefully Evaluated'

"It is very important that this data be used," says "be carefully weighed and evaluated in terms of credibility. Only four firms have a product that even approaches operational status... while most of the others are still in the prototype model stage where they can demonstrate their products to the user."

A few firms have produced storage modules that utilize the same principles for their trillion-bit systems, but not quite the same way as needed.

The study notes one firm has recorded 14 tracks across a tape, but 28 tracks will be needed for the trillion-bit system, and this has not been tried.

The study warns the government that "not only must the data be carefully evaluated, but the price, system availability data and data access parameters must be considered as very tentative and overoptimistic."

"The study team notes the major difficulties in purchasing the main escalations in purchase price and the several redefinitions in access parameters that have occurred in the past two years for the two leaders."

"It predicts the same phenomenon will be observed for those systems still two years away."

Japan's DP Growth Slows, Standards Pact Possible

Domestic Publications, Japan

TOKYO—Sales of domestically manufactured computers, which have shown a sharp upturn in the last two years, slowed down substantially in 1971, a reflection of the protracted business recession in Japan.

Two Japanese manufacturers, in their efforts to make plans to propose standardization of basic specifications for new computers to two European firms.

The total sales by six leading computer hardware manufacturers in fiscal 1971 ended March 31 showed a mere 8% increase over the previous year. Even the top gainer had only a 15% increase.

Fujitsu recorded about \$236.4 million in sales (excluding sales of mainframe and DP systems), which represents a 3% to 14% increase over the previous year. Hitachi's sales totalled \$230.4 million, a 10% increase. Toshiba and Oki Electric registered increases between 11% and 15% in sales of mainframes and computer-related equipment. Of the total sales of \$95 million recorded by Oki Electric, the computer division accounted for only about \$27.8 million, a decline of 6.5% from last year's figure of \$29.8 million.

Sales of Nippon Electric and Mitsubishi Electric leveled off at about \$208 million and \$32 million, respectively.

Industry sources estimate that the sales volume in 1972 of the six computer manufacturers will reflect an 8% increase.

Sales in 1971 by the Japan Electronic Computer Co., which was established jointly by seven domestic DP makers and handles some 40% of the total sales of

domestic general-purpose computers, are estimated somewhere around the last year's \$294.4 billion.

Since this company had been maintaining a healthy annual growth rate of 50% over the past several years, the Japanese computer hardware industry now faces a very serious situation.

Hitachi, Toshiba, and Mitsubishi all foresee a further decline in the growth rate in 1972, and Fujitsu and Nippon Electric anticipate an 8% to 10% increase. The only exception to these gloomy estimates is Oki Electric.

Industry's prediction that sales will increase by 26% or more in 1972.

Under these circumstances, all the manufacturers are trying to stimulate demands and encourage the use of computers.

The fact remains, however, that conditions do not seem right for a widespread increase in computer installation in the near future, and it is difficult to predict what the national economy will pick up.

The plan by Fujitsu and Hitachi to propose standardization with Siemens Co., Ltd. and Compagnie Internationale pour l'Informatique (CII) of France may be a first step toward a Japanese-European alliance computer to compete with IBM.

Fujitsu and Hitachi are drawing a plan to cover a three-stage program for the standardization of basic specifications.

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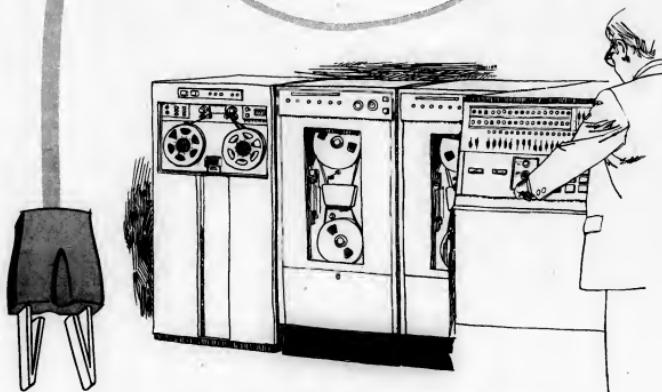
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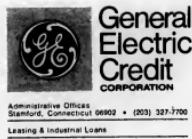
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GSA Standardizes Jobs, Rates

Ordering Agreement Heats Up Software Competition

By E. Drake Lundell Jr.

Of the CW Staff

WASHINGTON, D.C. — Software firms doing business with the government are finding a different situation in Region 3 of the General Services Administration's developed a Basic Ordering Agreement (BOA) which standardizes job descriptions and rates of payment.

Firms signing the BOA have to show that they have people capable of operating in the skill areas outlined in the contract [CW, April 19]. and quote a set hourly price for those services.

In-House Capability?

When a government agency needs software services, the government first checks to see whether it has the capability in-house. If it does, it can recommend that the agency contract with one of the firms that has signed the BOA.

To date, the BOA is being used as a test in the Washington, D.C. area, but more software interests in government business are headquartered or have offices in this area, according to T. Fred Noble, chief of the Federal ADP Resources staff of the Automation and Data Processing Division in Region 3.

In addition, most standards for business conduct development in Region 3 eventually are spread to other regions of GSA, he said.

The actual contracting under the BOA is conducted by the using agency. It can choose several firms from the list to act for bid on any project.

Because every firm has spelled out the hourly rates for the various services covered, the contracting officer has a pretty good idea of what the contract should make so at a later date, Noble indicated.

"We would rather have them keep it and see what BOA means than have it and not see it because that's what it is," he said, "and not force us to use it."

Firms listed on the BOA have to offer the same rate on every contract, which probably is not true, he said. "For example, if a firm offers a government agency a particularly low rate for services in order to get a contract, then it will have to offer the same rate for the same services to all other government agencies."

But still the rates vary widely. For example, among the first 30 firms signing the contract (there are 50 firms on it now) the rates for a system analysis ranged from \$14/hour to \$23/hour.

The government also has a BOA for keypunch services under which a firm must quote the hourly rates it will charge the government for such services.

In the future, the GSA plans to develop a BOA for key-to-tape/disk services, and GSA officials said they might develop such a document for maintenance services.

"This has really increased competition among the software packages here," one software man said.

"With all of the prices spelled out, the firm with the best salesman won't necessarily get some

of these contracts. They have the highest overhead usually and therefore their hourly rates will probably be higher."

"But the small outfit that is lean and hungry can offer to perform the same services at a lower rate because of low overhead."

The BOA will "definitely increase competition," another vendor said, admitting "We've even thought of reducing our rates some to stay more competitive with some of the other firms on the list."

Contracts

new Spruance-class destroyers.

Montgomery Ward has ordered 3,500 NCR 280 terminals as the second item of its three-year program to install point-of-sale terminals in retail stores throughout the country. Ward's investment in this total program is estimated at about \$20 million.

Syncom Inc.'s Shields Division has won a contract to supply the state of Pennsylvania with magnetic tape over the next year.

The Memory Products Div. of Fabri-Tek Inc. has received an order to produce additional core memory stacks for the Variant Data 6200 Series. The value of the order, \$100,000, is an additional release against a master contract on the order of \$750,000.

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U.S. DP Exports Decline in February, Western Europe Still Largest Market

WASHINGTON, D.C.—U.S. manufacturers exported computer equipment valued at \$91.4 million in February, down slightly from the \$100 million in exports in January, according to the Bureau of Census here.

Western Europe continued to be the largest market for U.S.-made equipment receiving computers and peripherals valued at \$101.4 million or 54.4 percent of the total exports of \$184.3 million in the two-month period.

Of this, members of the European Economic Community received imports valued at \$65.6 million, the UK accounted for imports valued at \$15.6 million and the other members of the European Free Trade Association received equipment valued at \$15.9 million.

Canada Market

Canada was the second largest market with imports of \$28.7 million, while Japan followed with imports valued at \$22.3 million. Next in line was Latin America, which received equipment valued at \$10.8 million, followed by Australia, which with \$9.1 million and Australia and New Zealand with imports from the U.S. valued at \$8.4 million.

Meanwhile, U.S. imports of computers dropped to \$60.4

million in February from the month earlier, for a total of \$124.8 million for the year.

West Germany was the largest single source for the imports, shipping equipment worth \$51 million to the U.S. in the two-month span. Of this, \$32 million came from members of the European Economic Community and \$17.3 million came from the UK, while \$0.7 million in equipment was shipped from the other members of the European

Free Trade Association.

Canada was the second largest source of imports, shipping equipment valued at \$35.9 million to the U.S. in the two-month period, with exports to the U.S. valued at \$27 million, the Bureau of the Census said.

The U.S. also imported equipment valued at \$3.7 million from the members of the Latin American Free Trade Association and \$5 million worth of equipment from Asian countries, outside of Japan.

Orders & Installations

Power company in Portugal and West Germany have ordered Univac systems. The Berlin Power and Light Co. will use an 1106 for customer's bills, load distribution and power engineering calculations. Companhia Portuguesa de Electricidade will use an 1106 for scientific work and establishment of an MIS system. Eventually the system will be used to monitor the nationwide power network.

Ciments Lafarge, a French cement producer, has ordered a Univac 1106 and two 9300s and peripherals and terminals. The system will handle general business work as well as data bank and scientific tasks.

A Finnish data center formed to serve the dairy and farming industries, Tietolaiti OY, has ordered a Honeywell 6040, which will also be used by two parent companies.

A Mexican development agency, Comision de la Gobernacion, has ordered a Control Data 3400 for business applications, flood control calculations and other technical applications.

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Depreciation Figures in DPF Loss

HARTSDALE, N.Y. — After accelerating its rate of depreciation, DPF Inc. is taking a \$35.1 million loss for the nine months ended Feb. 29.

A \$42.8 million special depreciation charge, less a deferred income tax credit of \$7.6 million, resulted in the loss. DPF, formerly Data Processing Financial & General Corp., earnings for the year ago were \$3.9 million, or 98 cents a share. Revenues were just under \$33 million this year, compared with last year's \$36.2 million.

After applying the special charge to the nine months, the depreciated book value of DPF's computer portfolio as of last June 1, the beginning of the fiscal year, was \$127.3 million, DPF said. The charge was made to reflect a change in accounting in the computer leases. DPF said it got the book value of the IBM computers, primarily 360s, "into balance with projected net revenues" during the remaining estimated useful life of the equipment, according to the firm.

DPF plans to fully depreciate by class of equipment the revised book value over its estimated remaining life to dates no later than May 31, 1974.

The decline in nine-month revenues was attributed to "continued rate erosion" and an increase in equipment returned. Remanufacturing costs were significantly higher than a year before. Remanufacturing costs were significantly higher than a year before.

Estimated costs were significantly higher than a year before.

NCR Reports Loss

3 Major Makers Show Upswing

Quarterly reports from IBM, Burroughs and Honeywell appear to indicate a receding recession.

All three posted higher earnings and revenues than in the 1971 first period. But NCR, citing adverse effects of a strike and a sharp drop in sales in the UK, posted a loss of \$1 million.

With company help, from cutout sales of 37.7 IBM's earnings for the quarter ended March 31 rose 21.9%, to \$305.7 million, or \$2.64 a share, compared with \$250.8 million, or \$2.19 a share in the same 1971 quarter.

Revenues Soar

Revenues soared 23.6% to \$2.31 billion compared with \$1.87 billion in the year earlier period. The proportion of equipment purchased outright was considerably higher than the depressed level of the first quarter of 1971 and contributed significantly to the increase of 23.6% in gross income over that period, commented Chairman T. Vinton Learson.

At Honeywell, a 14% rise in computer revenues for the quarter helped boost earnings 60% to

But "while moderating slightly, the high level of discontinuance of leased data processing equipment experienced last year continued, and rental and service gross income increased 9% compared to 15.9% for the first quarter of 1971," he noted.

At Burroughs, however, rental and service revenue increased 17% during the quarter, helping the firm post record earnings and revenues for the period.

Earnings for the three months rose 11% to \$12.2 million, or 66 cents a share, compared with \$11 million or 60 cents a share in the 1971 period.

Revenues rose 6% to \$220.6 million, up from \$208.1 million in the year-ago quarter.

The DP products sector scored "significant increases" in incoming orders, noted President Ray W. Macdonald.

Honeywell Figures

At Honeywell, a 14% rise in computer revenues for the quarter helped boost earnings 60% to \$11.2 million, or 60 cents a share, compared with the year-ago period \$7.5 million, or 40 cents a share. Sales for the three months posted a 5% gain, totaling \$450.2 million, up from \$430.4 million.

NCR's \$6.8 million loss, equivalent to 31 cents a share, compares with earnings of \$4.4 million, or 25 cents a share, in the year-ago period. Revenues declined to \$326.8 million, or 21 cents a share. NCR estimated the effect of a strike cost about \$5 million, after taxes, in first quarter earnings. The firm also cited a \$6 million decline in earnings of its UK subsidiary, where demand for business equipment declined sharply following heavy replacements during the decimalization program.

Improved financial results for the second quarter, and a profitable year are anticipated by the company.

Data 100 Shows Loss; Accounting Changed

MINNEAPOLIS — Data 100 showed a \$4.4 million loss, or \$3.72 a share, for the year ended Dec. 31, thanks to an accounting change.

A change in accounting for sales to third-party leasing companies dropped revenues from \$14.5 million to \$3.9 million under the operating method. This compares with 1970's restated revenues of \$1.5 million.

Operations of Compair Corp. were included since its acquisition on Dec. 3. Shipments in the second half of the year were double those of the first half, according to President Edward D. Orenstein.

Better days on the books are ahead, however. With the change in accounting, by which revenues and certain costs associated with such sales are spread over five to seven years, Data 100 reported an increase in income deferrals of \$10.7 million in 1971.

New Registrations

INTEL CORP., 3065 Bowers Ave., Santa Clara, Calif., 95051, computer manufacturer, filed to register 37,981 shares of common, to be offered for sale at \$22.63 per share maximum.

DATA RECALL CORP., 142 Oregon St., El Segundo, Calif., add-on memory manufacturer, filed to register 1,000 shares of common. Proceeds, at \$15 per share maximum, to be used for research and development and general corporate purposes. The underwriter is Oppenheimer & Co., One New York Plaza, New York, N.Y. 10003.

VARIVSYSTEMS CORP., 80 Skyline Drive, Pleasantville, N.Y., minicomputer systems manufacturer, filed to register 200,000 shares of common, to be offered at \$15 per share maximum, to be used for product engineering and development and general corporate purposes. The underwriter is First Equity Corp., Ft. Lauderdale, 100 W. Kennedy Blvd., Ft. Lauderdale, Fla. 33302.

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Computerworld Stock Trading Summary

All statistics
computer, computer
and financial data
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Earnings Reports

SCANTLIN ELECTRONICS

Year Ended Dec. 31

1970

Revenue \$4,223,723 \$4,547,173

Sav. Cred. \$5,314,714 ****

Earnings \$1,372,710 (4,011,999)

Gain from licensing agreement with

First National City Corp. B-Equal to

60 cents a share.

CLARY

Year Ended Dec. 31

1970

Revenue \$10,000,000 \$10,000,000

Sav. Cred. \$7,695,000 \$14,545,000

Earnings \$680,000 (13,000,000)

a-Preliminary, b-Credit, c-Equal to 47

cents a share, d-Debit; special charge

for return in the loss of a 50%-owned

company.

SUPREME EQUIPMENT & SYSTEMS

Six Months Ended Jan. 26

1971

Revenue \$5,814,000 4,336,000

Earnings 256,300 (33,000)

DATASTREAM

Year Ended Dec. 31

1970

Sav. Cred. \$1,380,000 \$1,050,000

Revenue 4,229,490 \$3,929,054

Sav. Item \$6,044 \$262,480

Earnings \$107,200 (301,027)

e-Based on income before special

item, b-Debit, c-Equal to

47 cents a share.

COMPUTER EQUIPMENT

Year Ended Jan. 1

1971

Revenue \$16,000,000 \$17,006,000

Sav. Cred. \$215,000 1,105,000

Revenue \$215,000 295,000

Earnings \$331,000 (454,000)

e-Primarily from repurchases of com-

pany's own bonds at a discount and

from tax loss carryforwards. c-Equal to

13 cents a share.

AMPEX

Three Months Ended Jan. 29

1971 1970

Revenue \$45,300,000 \$29,935,000

Sav. Cred. \$225,000 1,105,000

Revenue \$225,000 295,000

Earnings \$331,000 (454,000)

e-Primarily from repurchases of com-

pany's own bonds at a discount and

from tax loss carryforwards. c-Equal to

13 cents a share.

KEANE ASSOCIATES

Year Ended Dec. 31

1971

Revenue \$16,000,000 \$17,006,000

Sav. Cred. \$215,000 1,105,000

Revenue \$215,000 295,000

Earnings \$331,000 (454,000)

e-Primarily from repurchases of com-

pany's own bonds at a discount and

from tax loss carryforwards. c-Equal to

13 cents a share.

KEANE ASSOCIATES

Year Ended Dec. 31

1971

Revenue \$16,000,000 \$17,006,000

Sav. Cred. \$215,000 1,105,000

Revenue \$215,000 295,000

Earnings \$331,000 (454,000)

e-Primarily from repurchases of com-

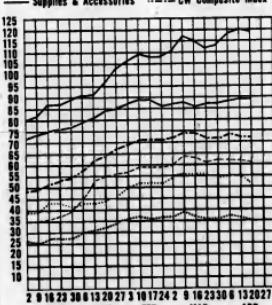
pany's own bonds at a discount and

from tax loss carryforwards. c-Equal to

13 cents a share.

Computer Stocks Trading Index

Computer Systems ----- Software & EDP Services
Peripherals & Subsystems ----- Leasing Companies
Supplies & Accessories ----- CW Composite Index



Correction

Two new listings on the stock table. Storage Technology and Comdisco, get ready for handling computer last week because of an input error. Contrary to the published table, the stocks did not drop 24 points and 12-1/2 points respectively. The closing prices, as indicated, weren't available, so the net change should have been zero.

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